The Largest Circulation of any Foreign Daily in the Far East

THE CHINA PRESS

大陸報

A Live Newspaper Devoted to Progress in China

No. 2000 VOL. VII. Registered at the Chinese P. O. for tra nsmission "with special marks privileges in China" 民國七年二月初四日 SHANGHAI, SATURDAY, MARCH 16, 1918 大正四年第三種郵便物認可 10 CENTS

GERMAN RADICALS WILL ASK REVISION OF RUSSIAN PEACE

Vorwaerts Says Socialists In Reichstag Will Fight Treaty

TOO IMPERIALISTIC

German Forces Continue Advance In South Russia Despite Agreement

ODESSA CAPTURED

Congress Of Soviets Now Is In Session At Moscow

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, March 13.—An article in the Vorwaerts, which is intended as a foreshadowing of the attitude of the socialists in the Reichstag with regard to the peace concluded with Russia, states that the social-democrats must oppose the treaty in the Reichstag and demand its revision by a peaceful agreement. The understanding with the West must not be wrecked by a demand that the situation in the East shall remain as fixed at Brest-Litovsk.

The meeting of the social-democrats at Frankfurt-on-Main has passed a resolution that the peace concluded with Russia was based on a policy of aggrandisement in contradiction to the resolution passed by the Reichstag in August, 1917, and urging that the social-democrats shall refuse their assent to it.

Lithuania Wants Independence

The Vorwaerts states that the National Council of Lithuania has repeatedly petitioned Germany to recognise the independence of Lithuania.

The Lokal Anzeiger announces that the National Council of Courland has passed a resolution unanimously offering the Ducal Crown of Courland to the Kaiser.

A telegram from Berlin states that military activity on the Eastern front has been discontinued but fighting has been intensified against bands of irregulars, especially in the Ukraine, where the Maximalist commandos include Czech and Austrian deserters. When the Germans capture the latter they are shot.

A severe battle with the Bolsheviki northeast of Kieff continues. In this the principal combatants are Czech deserters, who have heavy artillery.

Odessa Is Penetrated

London, March 13.—(By wireless).

A German official communique states: We have penetrated Odessa.

Petrograd, March 13.—The governmental institutions, particularly the Council of Commissaries and the Executive of the Soviets, having gone to Moscow, a special Council, mentioned yesterday, called the National Communist Council, has been charged with the maintenance of order and the organisation of the defence of the capital against invasion if necessary.

The General Congress of Soviets will consider the ratification of the treaty of peace and the definite removal of the Capital to Moscow. It opens in Moscow on the 14th.

The Germans occupied Abo on the 12th and are marching into the interior.

The Germans continue their operations in South Russia, where they have occupied Tchernigoff.

The Turks have occupied the whole of the Baku region.

Aaland Islands Want To Vote On Their Fate

Report That Germany Promises Not To Annex Them Is Unconfirmed

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, March 13.—The announcement alleged to have been made by Germany that she will not annex the Aaland Islands, as cabled yesterday evening, is not confirmed. Meanwhile the inhabitants of the Islands have petitioned the Finnish Senate, the King of Sweden and the Kaiser for a plebiscite regarding their destiny and also asking that in the meantime the Swedish troops shall be retained as a guarantee of the neutral status of the Islands.

Costume Adopted By Girl Ambulance Drivers

WOMAN AMBULANCE DRIVER.
©INTE.

The women in the French ambulance service of their country have recently adopted this nobby motoring costume. Of course, no costume of this order is complete without the trousers, so the French women have adopted this part of male attire.

Kaiser On Way To Watch Onslaught On The West Front

War Lords To Gather In Brussels On Way To Witness Opening Of Struggle At Ypres

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, March 13.—A frontier correspondent announces that the Kaiser, the Crown Prince, Marshal von Hindenburg and General von Ludendorff, are expected in Brussels at the end of the week. From that city they are going to the Flanders front. German officers at Brussels believe that the offensive will begin with the greatest violence at Ypres, the German objective being Dunkirk.

TWO AIR RAIDS TAKE NONCOMBATANT TOLL

One On 13th Slays Five In Hartlepool; Other Drops Four Bombs On Hull

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, March 14.—The Press Bureau issues the following communique:

One airship crossed the coast last night and dropped four bombs in Hartlepool, demolishing six dwelling houses and damaging thirty. The airship operated at a great altitude and only remained over the land a few minutes. The remainder of its bombs appear to have fallen into the sea. One man, one woman and three children have been killed and three men, one woman and five children injured.

London, March 13.—The Press Bureau issues the following communique:

Three airships participated in a raid last night. Only one approached a defended locality, namely, Hull, where four bombs were dropped with the result that a house was demolished and a woman died of shock.

The other airships wandered for hours over remote districts at great altitudes, unloaded their bombs on open country and then proceeded out to sea.

The Weather

Mild and misty. The maximum temperature yesterday was 59.9 and the minimum 32, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 54 and 28.7.

No League Of Nations Till Allies Achieve Victory, Lloyd-George Declares

Cannot Come By Talking, He Says, As Experiences Of Bolsheviki Prove; Kaiser Favors It In Word But Not In Deed

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, March 13.—Mr. Lloyd George, addressing the Council of the Free Church at the City Temple today, after referring to the present as a time of grave national emergency, reiterated the issues at stake in conflict. It was conscience against lust of power. This war must be maintained as a Holy War.

The special task of the churches was to see that the moral and physical fibre of the nation was not undermined by drink and vice.

Voice: "Why not stop it then?"

The Premier, continuing, said that governments have to deal with practical difficulties. He proceeded to give figures showing the enormous reduction in the consumption of drink compared with before the war, remarked that criticism, which was merely criticism, was not helpful and if the Government ever had to choose between bread for the children and beer for the parents it would not hesitate a moment.

The Premier restated Great Britain's war-aims, saying with special emphasis that the making of war must be regarded as a punishable crime by the nations banded together for the protection of each other and the world against force, fraud and greed. To falter before this was achieved would be to doubt the justice of the Almighty.

There had been criticism because the leaders of the people had not given sufficient prominence to the League of Nations. If he did not refer to it more often it was because the Bolsheviki had taught us that a real League of Nations will not come by talking. The Bolsheviki forgot that that must be fought for. While the Bolsheviki were writing despatches and making speeches they were left with barely half a nation to league with anybody.

The Prussian war lords would loudly accept any declaration of most resounding equity as a basis of peace, but, as the Bolsheviki had found, such declarations, when interpreted, were sounding brass and tinkling cymbals. Nobody has discoursed so eloquently concerning a League of Nations as the Kaiser. His reply to the Pope breathed a spirit of brotherhood and Christian kindness. There was never a word about giving up Belgium but there were whole passages about disarmament. Not a syllable was said about Lithuania and Courland but on the League of Nations the Kaiser was absolutely sound. The Kaiser not only accepted the League of Nations but Germany was prepared to place herself at the head of the League. The spirit of dominance was still there—a dagger wrapped in the Sermon on the Mount.

Youths from all parts of the Empire, France and Italy, who will be followed by millions from America, were demonstrating at the risk of their gallant lives that the world has reached a stage of civilisation where justice could be enforced against the most powerful nation that trampled on its decrees. When they had accomplished that the League of Nations would be a "fait accompli." Not until then could their swords be made into ploughshares.

"Great burdens must be carried in the heart, not on the shoulders. Do not discourage, do not depress, do not always point to the clouds and ask when the dawn is coming. It is always coming. Believe and trust in God and the light will shine.

"There is no hunger. People are being deprived of a good deal of what they have been taught to regard as the essential ingredients of a comfortable existance. There is no lack of abundant food and no prospect of such a deficiency, but certain things, which years of prosperity have taught us to expect, we see no more."

The Premier concluded: "I have a terrible task on my shoulders, almost more than man can bear. I ask, in the hour of the nation's greatest perplexity, for your help, sympathy and prayers. You can only wage war with all your strength or not at all. Show me the way to peace without betraying the great and sacred cause for which we entered and for which millions of lives have been sacrificed and I will listen gladly and gratefully and thank God. Short of that, mere peace talk is undermining the fibre and morale of the nation."

18 BRITISH SHIPS SUNK BY U-BOATS IN WEEK

New Vessels Soon To Equal Losses, Admiralty Secretary Predicts In Commons

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, March 13.—The Admiralty issues the following communique:

The number of merchantmen arriving at ports of the United Kingdom last week totalled 2,046 and the number sailing 2,062. Fifteen vessels over and three under 1,600 tons were sunk, eight unsuccessfully attacked and one fishing vessel sunk during the same period.

In the House of Commons last evening Mr. T. J. Macnamara, Parliament Secretary to the Admiralty, said that, assuming the losses from submarines did not increase, with the goodwill of all concerned we had before us a date at which our new shipbuilding would balance the losses of the day. After that date we should be in a position to begin making good our losses. The construction of standard-ships had been delayed owing to variations introduced as the result of experience gained of submarine warfare.

The Appropriation Bill passed its second reading.

Rome, March 13.—An official communique reports:

The number of merchantmen arriving at Italian ports last week totalled 430 and the number sailing 391. Two merchantmen over and one under 1,500 tons were sunk and one unsuccessfully attacked.

Submarine Attacks British Hospital Ship

Guildford Castle Fired On At Bristol Channel Entrance Despite Red Cross Flag

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, March 14.—The Admiralty issues the following communique:

The hospital ship Guildford Castle (3,036 tons), homeward bound, was unsuccessfully attacked by a submarine at the entrance of the Bristol Channel on the evening of March 10 while flying Red Cross flags and with all the lights on denoting that she was an hospital-ship.

LU YUNG-TING REQUESTS FENG NOT TO RESIGN

But Advises Him To Yield To Southwest On Constitution And Parliament

Reuter's Pacific Service

Peking, March 15.—Inspector-General Lu Yung-ting, in reply to the President's circular telegram, requests Feng Kuo-chang not to resign. He points out that a solution of the situation could be found by yielding to the demands of the Southwestern provinces with regard to Parliament and the Constitution.

Yesterday President Feng Kuo-chang called on Tuan Chi-jui and is understood to have urged the latter to accept the post of Premier and to organise a strong Cabinet and that Tuan Chi-jui declined, saying that it is not yet time for him to re-enter politics.

Canton, March 14.—Dr. Wu Ting-fang, in reply to the protest made by the British Consul-General, admitted that the Military Government has directed the Bank of China to hand over two-thirds of the Salt Revenue collected, leaving one-third to meet international obligations. Dr. Wu Ting-fang states that he believes that the Military Government is fully justified in taking such action, since there has been official evidence that the very bank-notes collected for the Salt Revenue have been used to pay the troops operating against Kwangtung under the command of General Lung Chi-kwang, representing the Northerners.

President Feng Kuo-chang telegraphed to the militant Tuchuns Thursday night that General Tuan Chi-jui had rejected the offer of the Premiership which he had made in person Thursday morning, according to the Chinese Press.

A national convention of delegates representing all the Chambers of Commerce throughout the country will be held in Tientsin on April 8. A circular telegram to that effect was despatched by the Tientsin General Chamber of Commerce last night.

As a result of his disapproval of pardoning the monarchists, Mr. Kiang Yung, the Minister of Justice has resigned and will leave for Japan shortly. He will be succeeded, it is understood, by Mr. Chang Yi-pang, the secretary of the Cabinet.

A Mukden telegram last night states that General Hsu Shu-cheng, the instigator of the movement of the Fengtien troops, left Tuliuchen, Chihli, for Tientsin yesterday. It is expected that a military conference will be held in the latter city to hasten the action of the Central Government.

Ensign Krylenko, Military Chief Of The Bolshevist Government

This is the first good photo to reach us of Ensign Abram Krylenko, commander-in-chief of the Bolshevik armies. Ensign Krylenko is shown at his desk at headquarters in the Smolny Institute, Petrograd.

Struggle Grows Sharper With Land And Air Raids

Unceasing Activity Of Allies On Western Front Scores Many Successes Over Teutons---Portuguese Repulse Attack On Wide Front

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, March 14, noon.—Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:

We raided the enemy's trenches southeastward of Epehy and brought back some prisoners.

We successfully repulsed an attempted raid northward of the Ypres-Staden Railway.

There has been a reciprocal artillery action southwestward of Cambrai and increasing hostile artillery bombardments in the Neuvechapelle and Fauquissart sectors.

London, March 13.—Noon.—Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:

We drove off a party of the enemy near La Vacquerie and made a successful raid northward of Lens in which we took some prisoners.

A strong party of the enemy raided a post southward of Armentieres after a heavy bombardment. A few of our men are missing.

The hostile artillery has been active southwest of Cambrai and at Loos, Messines and Passchendaele.

There has been violent fighting in the air. We shot down nineteen aeroplanes and two balloons yesterday.

Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports this evening:

Aviation.—Besides the raids reported last night, we dropped on Monday night three tons of bombs on Bruges Docks. All our machines returned.

Our bombing on Tuesday continued with even greater vigor than on the previous days. 13½ tons of bombs were dropped on the railway sidings at Mons and Baval, midway between Valenciennes and Maubeuge, large dumps northeastward of St. Quentin and southward of Douai and billets eastward of Lens.

During the fighting in the air, which lasted the whole day long, fourteen German machines were brought down and eight driven down. Six of ours are missing. A German observation balloon was destroyed.

On Tuesday night seven tons of bombs were dropped on enemy billets between Lille and Cambrai. All our machines returned.

On Wednesday afternoon our squadrons dropped nearly a ton of bombs on the munition works and barracks of Freiburg, in Germany.

A German official communique reports:

We raided the French trenches northeastward of Prosnes, destroyed the enemy works and took ninety prisoners.

Portuguese Drive Off Germans

Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reported last evening:

The Portuguese completely repulsed a raid made on a front of 700 yards southeastward of La Ventie. The hostile infantry was caught by our machine-gun fire in front and on both flanks and suffered heavy losses, both when endeavoring to cross our wire and when returning through our artillery barrage. There are many dead Germans lying in "No Man's Land" while some others were taken prisoners.

The enemy raided a post eastward of Zonnebeke. A few of our men are missing.

Three raids further south were successfully repulsed.

Aviation.—Several reconnaissances were carried out on Monday well eastward of the enemy line.

Five hundred bombs were dropped on a large siding and the ammunition depots at Aulnoye, depots southward of Valenciennes, southeastward of Cambrai and southward of Douai. The enemy's aeroplanes attacked our bombing machines.

Ten hostile machines were brought down and seven driven down. Two of ours are missing. A German observation balloon was brought down in flames.

We dropped two hundred bombs during the night on a dump and railway sidings northeastward of St. Quentin. All our machines returned. An enemy four-seater landed in our lines and the occupants were taken prisoners.

Our aeroplanes, during the daytime today, dropped a ton of bombs on the factories, station and barracks of Coblentz. Bursts were seen to occur on all our objectives, causing two fires, while a very large explosion was observed in a building in the southwest corner of the town. A few hostile machines were encountered but all ours returned.

Reuter's correspondent at British Headquarters remarks that a characteristic fight was the great daylight attack made on three hostile aerodromes on the 9th. Our airmen, flying at an altitude of 400 feet, reached their objectives as the enemy flying machines were starting out. Bombs were literally showered down by our machines while our escorts of fighting machines maintained a furious fusillade from their machine guns. The squadron flew back at a height of 100 feet, enpaged some horse-transport, stampeded some more and dispersed some marching infantry and a troop of cavalry with casualties. All the machines returned safely without being molested by the enemy fliers.

Violent Shelling In Champagne

Paris, March 13.—The official communique issued this afternoon reports:

After a violent bombardment in the hill region in Champagne, the Germans attacked West of Vau-de-Sigcourt. After a lively engagement we drove the enemy out of some advanced trenches in which he had obtained a footing. The enemy suffered serious losses.

There has been fairly considerable reciprocal artillerying on the left of the Meuse.

The official communique issued this evening reports:

There has been marked artillery activity in the Argonne and on the right bank of the Meuse.

JAPANESE KILLED BY MAXIMALISTS IN SIBERIAN FIGHT

Most Of 150 Nipponese In City Who Can't Escape Are Slain

FLAG IS INSULTED

Third Attack Made By Bolsheviki On Town In Amur

GERMANS FEARED

100,000 Prisoners In Siberia Organising And Getting Armed

Reuter's Pacific Service

Tokio, March 15.—The newspaper Hochi states that the Maximalists made a third attack on Blagovestchensk on the 12th. The Anti-Maximalists offered resistance but were defeated. Most of the 150 Japanese in the town who failed to escape were murdered. The Japanese flag hoisted over the offices of the Kuhara Mining Company was insulted and the fate of the office staff is unknown.

Answering an interpellation in the House of Representatives today, the Minister of War, General Oshima, stated that the number of German prisoners in Siberia was 94,000 east of Lake Baikal and 60,000 west of that point. Those east of Baikal are under no control and are doing their utmost to get armed.

Moderates Are Weak

East of Baikal, said General Oshima, there are about a thousand men under Seminoff who are adherents of the moderate elements in Russia and opposed to the Maximalists. The Entente Powers, being friendly to him, may increase Captain Seminoff's power in the future but he is weak at the present time. There are some Moderates also in Vladivostok and Blagovestchensk but they are not strong while the power of the Maximalists is growing and they are getting supplies of arms and munitions. The German prisoners may be considered to support the Maximalists. Should the German prisoners be organised and support the Maximalists a serious situation would be created.

Observers of the situation are now posted at several places to report to the Government.

100,000 German prisoners would correspond to five army divisions. With munitions of war amply supplied from their own country they would constitute a serious menace.

Asked concerning the munitions of war kept at Vladivostok, General Oshima replied that they amount to Y.70,000,000. Nothing had been done so far in the way of sending them westward.

German Prisoners Organise

Telegrams received in reliable quarters state that the Germans are planning to organise two army corps of German prisoners of war in Russia, that one of them is being secretly organised at Irkutsk and that 130 German officers are arriving at the Irkutsk from Krasnoyarsk.

Another plan to organise two cavalry-corps is also in progress.

Many German officer prisoners are entering Irkutsk in disguise.

Field guns and armored motor cars are being transported from Russia-in-Europe.

A Russian colonel in charge of the Chief Detention Camp was ordered a week ago to organise an army, one-third of which was to be composed of Austrian prisoners. He was requested to include the 30,000 German prisoners of war in the Detention Camp at Irkutsk.

A captured colonel has been offered the command of Motor-car Corps.

It is expected that the Germans will get off the trains at Krasnoyarsk and enter Irkutsk disguised as miners.

Opinion Settles In Tokio

When, a week ago, a flood of opinion in the Western press poured in and permeated Japan it caused considerable excitement. The belief that there would be a speedy mobilisation of the Japanese forces affected stocks while extremists pictured aeroplanes over Tokio and submarines operating from Vladivostok. Hysterical members of

the opposition in the Diet heckled the Government and the newspapers were filled with utter contradictory views, according to their interests or their imagination, their sense of responsibility or their lack of it.

At the present time, however, a quieter tone prevails and it is possible to see more clearly the true Japanese outlook, which appears to be entirely safe, sane and loyal.

Today practically the entire responsible press of the Capital is advocating intervention in Siberia in co-operation with China and the other allies, which shall not be directed against Russia but shall be as an ally to the loyal Russians wishing to save their country. It is very significant that one of the most outspoken advocates of this policy is the Kokumin, which is owned and edited by Mr. Tokutomi, who is a close friend of the Premier.

Position Of U. S. Important

Japan realises that if the United States declines her support the situation will be extremely delicate, because financial and material assistance must come from America. There does not seem to be any feeling of distrust or unfriendliness on either side. In fact, a large section of influential men in Japan favor the American point of view. Only a few Chauvinists jeer at the Premier and the Minister of Foreign Affairs as being "under the thumb of Secretary of State Lansing." Leading men like Baron Shibusawa, for the commercial classes, and Mr. Ozaki, for the Opposition, advocate extreme caution, while in a similar way, many strong supporters of the Administration point out that the hour for action has not yet struck. They say that it is in the first place absolutely necessary that all Russia and the rest of the world shall understand that Japan is not a Chauvinistic adventurer and does not desire more than to safeguard the Far East and to assist her allies, if possible, to save Russia from German domination, which means the Mailed Fist in the Far East.

Much Hinges On China

China forms one of the most serious features of the situation. It is recognised that this is China's great opportunity and Japan is urging the leaders of the North and South to settle their differences by a sound compromise, form a capable National Government in Peking, and to join Japan and her Allies in guarding the frontiers and helping her neighbor Russia. There is some indication that this effort may be successful.

Mr. Tong Shoa-yi, one of the cleverest of the Southerners and a leader of the National Party in China, is on his way to Japan, while Baron Hayashi has returned as Japanese Minister to Peking and it is a fact that there is reason to believe that by tactful diplomacy this very dangerous obstacle to the effective co-operation of Japan and China in Siberia may be removed in time to enable both to share in the credit that the Far Eastern nations are really participating in the war. Such an outcome of the present negotiations, resulting in an agreement and co-operation between Japan and China, must be one of the most tremendous developments in history, ensuring a complete bouleversement and an alliance of importance.

Paris, March 13.—The French paper Oeuvre devotes an article to commenting on a declaration made by Mr. Ijuin, the Japanese Minister at Rome, and says:

"The intervention of Japan is simply directed against German violence. It threatens no Russian liberty; on the contrary it seeks for the co-operation of Russian parties. Her policy is doubly in favor of the Entente, being anti-Maximalist and anti-German. The Government in Tokio and Japanese manufacturers know perfectly of the encroachments of the Germans upon the countries invaded by them and that fair play is out of the question wherever Germans settle. Japan's particular interests coincide with those of the Coalition.

German Press Is Reticent

Amsterdam, March 13.—The German Press is remarkably reticent concerning Japan, the only serious comments up to the present being in the Frankfurter Zeitung and the Vossische Zeitung.

The former emphasises the loyalty of Japan to Russia and states that Japan only began to revise her policy when the dissolution of Russia seemed to be beginning. The Frankfurter Zeitung criticises the change in German policy from a peace by reconciliation to a peace by humiliation and says that Germany has played the Entente's game of excluding her from markets of Asia by breaking up Russia and giving the Entente an excuse to encourage Japanese penetration of that country. It concludes:

"Germany has no more hope now than before of conducting a Far Eastern policy except in connection with Great Britain and Russia, hence it is unlikely that a weakened Russia will contribute to Germany's ultimate welfare."

Dr. Salzmann, in an article in the Vossische Zeitung, remarks that Germany's policy in Russia has cemented the alliances between Great Britain and America and Great Britain and Japan and increased the gratitude of Holland to England by delivering the Dutch East Indies from Japanese pressure as the result of the opening of the door to Japanese in Siberia and Russia. Moreover the security of Great Britain's Indian, Australian and Colonial possessions has been renewed and Germany again finds herself without a friend in the world, while Great Britain laughs in the background.

Dr. Georg Bernhard in an article in the Vossische Zeitung says that it is becoming clearer every day that the peace signed at Brest-Litovsk has not secured finality in the East. Instead of finding a protective rampart in the border States, Germany is unable to win the souls of the peoples there and sees feeling between the Poles, Ukrainians and Lithuanians at white heat.

NEW LOAN REDEMPTION PLAN IS RECOMMENDED

Municipal Committee Finds Present Method Restricts Market For Debentures

Shanghai must quit its hand-to-mouth method of caring for its loans and adopt an installment plan of redemption in conjunction with a regular sinking fund, is the opinion of the Loan Redemption Committee which has been considering the city's financial future for some months past, according to the report published in today's Municipal Gazette. The committee also gets after the Electricity Department and recommends that it pay a commission of one per cent to the Council for making the loan, six and one-half per cent on the present outstandings and one per cent on its debit balance in addition to setting aside sums sufficient to wipe out the loans in 25 years, beginning after the seventh year.

The Committee, whose chairman is Count Jezierski, also locks horns with the Municipal Treasurer over his criticism of the 40 year sinking fund plan as being calculated to tie the hands of the Council, by replying that the Municipality could change from the Sinking Fund method to the Installment plan or another whenever it was found desirable or necessary.

The report is a most searching inquisition into the methods at present employed in regard to loans, which it utterly condemns as failing to provide for redemption, making it necessary to depend too much on the state of the money market and lessening the marketability of its debentures.

Shanghai ratepayers who hold Municipal debentures doubtless will be grateful to Count Jezierski's committee for its efforts to safeguard their investments and enable holders of these securities to sell at par at any time, which is one of the points on which the committee insists strongly in its recommendations. The contrast between the present method and proposed one is set forth in part as follows:

Under the present system sums raised annually for redemption are used for items of extraordinary expenditure that would otherwise require flotation of new loans. It is therefore necessary to depend too much on the state in which the money market will be when the loans must be met and introduces an element of instability that will hamper the city when seeking to place loans outside Shanghai as must sooner or later come about through the growing needs of the city's expansion.

Regarding a substitute for the present system, the committee pointed out that as the average investor in debentures wishes to be sure of his capital and also sure, as far as possible, that he will obtain par if he wishes to sell out, the application of a system of gradual repayment of debentures over the terms of their life which would tend to a great extent to keep the securities at par would to that extent be acceptable to investors.

It therefore recommended that future loans shall be for a period of 40 years and be repayable by annual drawings commencing after the 7th year under the operation of a sinking fund. This is not intended to tie the Council's hands in regard to the issue of loans for other periods than 40 years should special circumstances render that advisable.

As the conditions under which existing loans were issued do not provide for annual drawings, the sum required for their redemption calculated on the basis of a sinking fund should be utilised annually in purchasing municipal debentures on the market at par or under par. In the event of its not being possible to buy on those terms the money is to be temporarily invested so as to remain available for such purchases when they become possible.

This last paragraph may not appeal to the investor as favorably as the foregoing, since it might seem to intimate that municipal debentures may still have an element of instability even under the new plan in that it looks forward to buying them at or below par at some future date. That, however, evidently is not the ultimate purpose of the committee's plan since it is mainly framed in the interest of the investor.

Fifteen Year Term In Police Murder Case

Accomplice In Hamilton Shooting Draws Long Prison Sentence

A sentence of fifteen years was served in the Mixed Court yesterday on Wong Koh-sze, charged with complicity in the murder of Sergeant "Con" Hamilton.

"In this case," said Assessor Grant Jones, in delivering judgment, "the court is of opinion that the evidence is insufficient to support the capital charge. We are, however, satisfied that the prisoner is guilty of being an accessory after the fact and we sentence him to penal servitude for fifteen years."

The principal accused in the case, Tsen Zen-ding, committed suicide in his cell at Louza police station Wednesday morning, the second day after trial was begun. The case was heard by Assessor Jones and Magistrate Kwan, Mr. K. E. Newman prosecuting.

German Warships Shell English Coast

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, March 13, midnight.—The Press Bureau issues the following communique:

One or two warships attacked the northeast coast this evening. Twenty bombs have fallen near the coast.

GREEN AND MORE GREEN AT ST. PATRICK'S PARTY

American Song Service Affair Draws Crowd For Gladsome Time At Carlton

There was a general County Clare air about the upper floors of the Carlton last night. Crowd, color, congeniality—everything but brogue and broken heads. There were flocks—or is it bevys—of lasses in green and white costume; and more green ties than you see at a policeman's ball; there were green boiled shirt-fronts, and shamrocks of all sizes and materials all over the place. There were green lampshades and emerald streamers and hangings, and there was a rumor that a man in an orange tie was drowned in a bowl of peppermint tinted punch. This could not be confirmed.

Anyway the St. Patrick's Party of the American Song Service was an entire success and between 150 and 200 guests enjoyed it. The evening started off with a grand march which churned the crowd around and solved the handshaking and getting-acquainted problem. Then there were games, the competitors being divided into groups representing the month of the year, and the February aggregation walked away with the honors.

There was a musical program and Messrs. Blanchard and Tinkham sang solos of appropriate national strain. Mr. Tod Sanborn contributed some jig-time selections on the Xylophone. Refreshments worked in with the general color scheme wherever possible, green icing for the cakes, and such.

And the treasurer accumulated considerable of the long variety of green making it a glad, green, flourishing evening all around.

Later—It is announced that a number of the home-made cakes baked for the party were left over and have been donated to the American Woman's Exchange, which sells articles to aid war relief work. They will be placed on sale at the Exchange Shop, corner of Avenue Edward VII and Rue Montauban, today.

LVOFF RUMOR UNFOUNDED

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, March 13.—Reuter's Agency learns that there is no truth in the statement cabled on the 10th that Prince Lvoff has formed a Russian Government in Peking.

Servia Is Seeking Coalition Cabinet

Crown Prince Lets Pasitch Ministry Go But Finds New Members Hard To Get

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Corfu, March 13.—The Crown Prince of Servia has accepted the resignation of the Pasitch Cabinet and has conferred with the party leaders with a view to the formation of a Coalition Cabinet, which apparently is beset with difficulties.

Bandits Now Want Both Cash And Arms

Willing To Release American Engineers For Money Payment And Rifles

Reuter's Pacific Service

Peking, March 15.—The bandits are now demanding money as well as rifles for the release of the American engineers they have captured.

Coblentz Wrecked By British Airmen

City Is Isolated While Munitions Factories Burn With Great Explosions

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, March 13.—According to reports from Germany the results of the British air raid on Coblentz were terrific. The Military have isolated the city and nobody is allowed to leave or enter without a passport. Two munition factories are burning furiously and vast quantities of explosives are continually exploding.

BRITISH WILL HELP CARRY U.S. TROOPS

Plan Of Joint Transportation Kept Secret Except To Few Officials

Washington, Feb. 5.—Secretary Baker's estimate of 1,500,000 additional American troops in Europe this year is based on the British Government's guarantee of 1,000,000 tons of additional transatlantic shipping for the United States Army. The British offer, which only recently has been accepted, explains the discrepancy between estimates on available shipping made by Mr. Baker and by Senator Hitchcock and others in the Senate.

The news of the British offer, which so far has been available only to a few outside the President's Cabinet, probably will be made known to those Senators who have been unable to see how the shipping needs for 1,500,000 troops could be met.

It was this Government's desire to conceal the facts until later, but the persistence of the inquiries from the Capital has caused the abandonment of this plan.

Wilson Takes Up Problem

President Wilson took up personally the shipping problem tonight and at a conference with E. N. Hurley, chairman of the Shipping Board, went into the great problem of procuring tonnage for the movement of American troops and supplies overseas.

Every phase of the question was discussed, including the progress of the Government building program, plans for obtaining allied ships for transporting soldiers and negotiations with the European neutrals for tonnage to release American vessels for transatlantic service. The President was particularly interested in the proposal to obtain additional ships by reducing imports probably one-half.

Less Shipping For Munitions

A full realisation of the extent to which America's troop movement to France depends on tonnage has come not only to this Government but to the Allies as well. A big American army is substantially ready to go, but before it is sent the War Department wants to be assured it can be supplied. Ships are available to transport the men; the problem is keeping them furnished with materials with which to fight.

A million men on the fighting front will require, according to the best estimates available, from four to seven million tons of shipping in continuous service across the 3,000 miles of water between America and Europe. The United States can lay its hands on about four million tons now and expects to build during the year anywhere from three to six million tons more.

The President was told by Mr. Hurley that bad weather in January cut construction of commandeered ships fully 60 per cent. The Shipping Board's plans for building up a great shipyard workers reserve and for obtaining more work out of shipyard labor at present engaged were outlined.

The Allies are drawing less and less on America for munitions, as every month they are increasing the volume of their own manufacture. This releases tonnage both for the movement of foodstuffs and for use by the American forces.

'Tiger Rose'

By Domino

I enjoyed the "Tiger Rose" immensely last night. The melodrama is quite one of the Frawley Company's best productions. A crowded house will quite endorse these opinions.

The plot is worked out in Canada. It has a couple of French Canadians; there is the inevitable and deservedly admired mounted police, and of course an Indian or two creeps in. The story is interesting from start to finish. It is well written and needless to say—played by the Frawley Company—it is finely acted.

Two features were particularly prominent in the production. First there was the really fine playing of Miss Browne-Decker. In the part of Rose Bocion she had a big opportunity—in fact the biggest opportunity she has had so far—and she made the most of it. Her character study makes the play. When all is said and done, drama is the portrayal of the whole of life. Miss Decker lived the part of Rose for some two and a bit hours. She presented a complete personality and scored tremendously.

Secondly there was a wonderful effect in Act II. It was a thunderstorm. So realistic was the lightning, and so convincing the rain, that many of the audience left the theater expecting to be thoroughly drenched and were almost pleasantly disappointed to see the twinkling stars.

Tim Frawley was Irish, and a policeman. To say he was Irish was enough to imply the other in a Canadian drama. He was great. We always like Tim. He must have kissed the Blarney stone if nothing else.

E. L. Delaney had a biggish part. From his name, and his attempt, it would appear that he was meant to portray a Scot. Evidently he had been away so long from Scotland that the dialect was either forgotten or badly blurred. No! Delaney's study of MacCullins was not good.

The rest of the cast were all well in the picture. I liked Denniston as Dan Cusick; Howard was good as the priest; Mortimer was convincing as Bruce; Forbes did well with the part of Pierre, and two little excellent "make-up" characters were given by Miss Valentine Sidney and Garry McGarry.

Tiger Rose is well worth a visit. It is to be repeated tonight.

Rumanian Sentenced For Assaulting Sikh

C. G. Christou, the Rumanian charged with disorderly conduct assaulting a Sikh Constable and tearing his uniform, was given two weeks' imprisonment at the Mixed Court yesterday.

The Sikh stated that the accused was striking a ricsha coolie and when he attempted to stop him he was assaulted. Following the arrest the accused continued to strike him, even in the charge room of the police station. Sergeant O. Dyer corroborated. Accused said he was too intoxicated to remember what took place on the night of his arrest.

A SAVINGS bank account is first aid to savers. It gives you a feeling of security, both as to the safety of your money now and as to your comfort in future.

The American-Oriental Banking Corporation

17 Nanking Road.

$1 opens a Savings Account,
$50 opens a Checking Account.

Manchurian Railway Tied Up By Fighting

Revolutionists And Cossacks Destroy Line; No Travel From Vladivostok

A local reflection of the Russian upheaval, with news of Revolutionary-Cossack clashes and the statement that negotiations toward relieving the railway situation are proceeding, is contained in a letter from the Harbin offices of the International Sleeping Car and Express Train Co. to the Shanghai offices. The letter reads:

"We have the honor to inform you that, as from the 1st instant, it has been impossible to run our express through to Russia and, at this moment, running is also interrupted to Manchuria and no date can be given for resumption of the service.

"The reason is that Revolutionary troops and Cossacks are in collision and have between them totally ruined the line between Manchuria and Tchita. There are continual battles and it is quite impossible for any train whatever to pass.

"Negotiations are at this moment in course with the Amur Railway with a view to obtaining their permission for the running of trains from Vladivostok to Russia via Khaborowsky, but no decision has yet been reached.

"Please discontinue issue of through tickets until receipt of advice from our Divisional Inspector at Vladivostok and advise all concerned to this effect."

China Realty Co., Ltd.

27 NANKING ROAD

Land and Estate Agents and Architects.

LAND FOR SALE

Suitable for Residences, mills or Factories in both Settlements. Sizes to suit purchasers.

CENTRAL DISTRICT PROPERTY FOR SALE

RESIDENCES FOR SALE

Just completed several new modern homes, flush closets, tennis lawns, garage. Will be sold on terms to suit purchaser.

OFFICES TO LET

TO LET on Nanking Road, Building suitable for offices or store.

For Further Particulars, apply to

China Realty Co., Ltd.

27 NANKING ROAD

Land and Estate Agents and Architects.

TRADE MARK

BRASCOLITE

DIFFUSION PLUS REFLECTION

THE BEST
LIGHTING FIXTURES
FOR THE
OFFICE, STORE, HOME

ALL LARGE DEALERS WILL GLADLY DEMONSTRATE TO YOU HOW IT IS CHEAPER AND MORE EFFICIENT TO LIGHT BY THE BRASCOLITE, INDIRECT SYSTEM, THAN BY THE OLD BULB AND DROP CORD METHOD.

St. Patrick's Day

HATS

Get them at

SULLIVAN'S

Full of real
Irish Sweets

SULLIVAN'S FINE CANDIES

11 Nanking Road

JUST ARRIVED

Sapporo Black Beer

THE PUREST AND BEST

Apply to

The Dai Nippon Brewery Co., Ltd., Tel. 2560

GANDE PRICE & CO., Tel. 205

CHINESE HANDED OVER IN TSENG MURDER CASE

Identity Of Accused Is Held Correct By The Mixed Court

Sun Chiang-fu, charged with the murder of Admiral Tseng, who was shot to death on the Whangpoo Road in November, 1915, was ordered handed over to the Chinese authorities in a judgment handed down by Assessor Grant Jones and Magistrate Kwan in the Mixed Court yesterday. The case was finished last month after a lengthy hearing, the defense offered being that of mistaken identity.

Mr. W. S. Fleming, for the defense, asked for a stay of execution, submitting that there were grounds for belief that the real Sung Jang-foo was now in Canton and could be produced. This was opposed by Mr. K. E. Newman for the prosecution and after argument the Court refused the stay. Also appearing for the defense was Mr. Matsuoka, while Mr. G. D. Musso watched the case for the Chinese Government and Mr. E. W. Godfrey for Admiral Tseng's family.

In delivering judgment, the Assessor said:

"The prisoner is charged on two counts with complicity in the murder of Admiral Tseng on November 10, 1915.

"After long and careful consideration we have come to the conclusion that no reliance is to be placed in the witnesses or documents produced for the defence. By documents I mean the two letters which have been put in, with the consent of counsel for the prosecution, since the last hearing. Both purport to be written by Sun Chiang-fu from Canton, and one addressed to the witness Mori begins with the significant phrase, 'I have long desired to make your acquaintance,' whereas we had it in evidence from the witness that he and Sun had been well acquainted with each other in Manchuria.

"We find that accused is Sun Chiang-fu and order him to be handed over to the Chinese Authorities."

In connection with the case Mr. Newman read an article which appeared Thursday in the Ming Kuo Pao, commenting on the case in the light that the mistake in identity had been substantially proved. The editor, he reminded the Court, had been before the Court once before for comment on this same case and had been warned. The Court ordered a warrant to issue, charging contempt.

FENG'S DILEMMA MAY BE CRAFTY POLITICS

But He Seems On Limb Of Sapling With Many Axemen Ready To Chop It Off

From Our Own Correspondent

Peking, March 11.—There has been a complete change in the politico-military situation. It is now no longer on the cards that Li Yuan-hung is to come back, nor that President Feng Kuo-chang is to resign, nor that a peace is to be patched up with the South. Yesterday and today, with the gradual approach of General Chang Tso-lin's troops towards Peking, though General Chang Tso-lin himself is as far off as ever, many people in the capital appear to have changed their minds.

The actors in this everlasting drama, which sometimes bears the aspect of tragedy and at others is inclined to comedy, get various turns in the limelight. For several weeks the supporters of General Tuan Chi-jui have had the center of the stage. They have attempted to dictate to the President what he should do and he has been more or less ready to fall in with their plans, which until a few days ago included his own resignation, the return of Li Yuan-hung as President and the undertaking of a "strong" policy against the South. At first, apparently, General Chang Tso-lin was inclined to support them, and it was understood that the coming of his troops towards Peking was to ensure order during the scene-shifting process between the acts. Now, he seems to have other views. The well known ex-Viceroy of Manchurian provinces, Chao Erh-hsun, has been acting as intermediary between the President and Chang Tso-lin, with the result that the President has practically decided to stay in office, if he can, which he thinks he can, having secured Chang Tso-lin's support. But he is prepared to make some concession to the militarist tuchuns and this concession is to take the form of the sacrifice of Li Shun, tuchun of Kiangsu, whose resignation is to be accepted in a few days. Of course, it has all along been understood that his tender of resignation was merely a matter of form, so the President has said that though this resignation must be accepted this is not the appropriate moment for it. This means, of course, that there must be a few days' delay during which it is hoped that something will "turn up," to the gratification of the political Micawbers, and then perhaps it will not be necessary to accept General Li Shun's resignation.

But what if General Li Shun suddenly finds himself able to resume his duties? That will certainly be very awkward for everybody concerned and the few days' grace are believed to be intended to allow of finding some way of saving his face. It would seem that General Chang Tso-lin, as the price of his support for the President, must see Li Shun removed from office, as he is believed to hold the Yangtsze and to be altogether too thoroughly devoted to the President to be a safe man to have in such a position.

The President, having secured General Chang Tso-lin's support, feels himself strong enough to support the burden of office; the military tuchuns evidently believe that, General Feng being dependent on Chang Tso-lin, who has hitherto been closely identified with their own interests, he is virtually dependent on them; and therefore they do not object to his remaining in office and do not need Li Yuan-hung as a figurehead. But they have set the ball rolling in favor of Li Yuan-hung, whose emissaries are with the Southern leaders, and it is quite possible that not only may Li Yuan-hung feel inclined to return to Peking, but the South may also feel inclined to strengthen his desire; and what will happen in these two eventualities?

It is just possible, of course, that Li Yuan-hung does not wish to return to office, that his emissaries are with the south on entirely different business, and that General Chang Tso-lin is not so wholeheartedly the friend of the military tuchuns as is commonly supposed; and in this case the whole situation may be read as a piece of very skilful political and military maneuvering on the part of President Feng. This, in fact, is how some of President Feng's adherents do read the events of the past few days; and if this reading is corect, then one cannot deny to the President not only unusual gifts of political strategy, but, so far, the better placed political chessboard.

Whichever interpretation may be the correct one, we are not brought a bit nearer the settlement of the issue with the South, unless we take a great many of the President's utterances at their face value and believe him when he says that he only desires peace and would sacrifice almost anything to obtain it. If he is really the master of the situation in the north, has really the "initiative" in his hands so far as the militant tuchuns are concerned, and is not, as some would have us believe, practically a prisoner in his own presidential palace, then he may be bringing the country, step by step nearer peace. This is, however, a hard saying.

KIANGSI BEING FORCED TO SUPPORT NORTH

Chang Huai-chi There With Troops To Prevent Break To South

China Press Correspondence

Nanchang, Kiangsi, March 11.—Leaving ten thousand infantry and a thousand cavalry at Kiukiang to watch affairs in the northern part of Kiangsi province, Gen. Chang Huai-chi entered Nanchang four days ago with two thousand soldiers to inspect Governor Chen's forces. He brought eight machine guns along with him and rumor has it that he will despatch a number of his men to Kao An, sixty miles further south, to investigate the situation in that part of the province. In the meantime he is taking stock here.

Local leaders say that Chen Kuan-yuan is in a trying predicament. He did not favor the coming of the erstwhile general from Shantung and now that the general is here he does not know what to do with him.

Kiangsi has been neutral, with perhaps Southern tendencies, but Feng Kuo-chang decided that it must be an out-and-out for-the-North province and so he sent General Chang to remind the Governor that his first duty was to the Northern government.

It is reported that when General Chang moves north he will take a number of Governor Chen's troops with him to coerce other semi-neutral provinces. Just who the future governor of Kiangsi will be no one at present seems to know.

'Sammies' Appreciate French Hospitality

The "Sammies" "over there" have their manners with them. These boys are billeted at a French farmhouse, not far behind the front lines, and repay the hospitality of their hosts by cleaning up the grounds and acting as amateur gardeners.

China Not Yet Approached To Join Siberia Expedition

Japan Has Made No Overtures To Peking And Action Is Doubtful

From Our Own Correspondent

Peking, March 12.—There is a good deal of talk at present about the share that China ought to take in the suppression of Bolshevik and German activities in the north, but apparently there has not yet been any exchange of views between the Japanese and the Chinese Governments in Peking. There may have been overtures in Tokio, but this is very doubtful. So far as is known here, the Japanese authorities will not approach the Chinese authorities until their own position with respect to the other Allied Powers has been very clearly defined, which apparently it has not been up to the present.

The problems for the two countries, it is pointed out both from the Chinese and from the Japanese side here, are quite different. The possibility of Germano-Bolshevik action against Japanese territory is very small, but on the other hand the possibility of the seizure of what are virtually Japanese munitions of war in Vladivostok is by no means small. It is calculated that there are in Vladivostok at the present time no less than three million tons of Japanese-made munitions of war and other stores, and it is important that these should not be allowed to fall into the hands of what would virtually be anti-Allied interests. At the same time, the position for Japan, if she were to take strong measures in Vladivostok itself for the protection of these stores would be extremely delicate. The Government's position is not improved by the fact that a large body of manufacturers and merchants in Japan has approached it, and in a petition has asked that something may be done to safeguard their interests in the matter. It seems that for a very considerable proportion of the supplies now in Vladivostok no payment has been made and the Government will probably make a loan on very easy terms to the mercantile and manufacturing houses concerned, securing the loan by Russian bonds already held in Japan.

China has no such interests at stake, but she has an equally difficult problem to consider. There is a strong threat of a Germano-Bolshevik movement against the Chinese border. In Blagovestchensk the Bolsheviki are distinctly increasing in power and it is probable that they will be reinforced from Harbarovsk. Some forty officers of the army, unwilling to take service with the Bolsheviki, have left Blagovestchensk for the Chinese city of Aigun, and they will try to make their way to join General Semenoff's force; but whether they can do so or not remains to be seen, for it almost looks as if Semenoff's force were, momentarily at least, cut off from the easy communication offered by rail.

The railway west of Manchuli station is cut, and a section of the Amur railway between Blagovestchensk and Gorbitza has also been cut, so that movement either to the west or to the east without passing into Chinese territory is difficult. Incidentally, the train by which the Japanese Ambassador to Petrograd, the Chinese Minister to the same city, and some thirty Americans are returning to the east, and eventually to their homes, is held up, for the time being, until repairs to the line can be effected; but there seems to be no hurry in effecting them.

With the threat of Germano-Bolshevik movements against the frontier in Manchuria so imminent, one would have thought that the south was the last direction in which General Chang Tso-lin's troops should be moving, and it is quite clear that China has not yet realised all that this threat means for her. There is some talk of taking action, but so far it seems to be nothing but talk. There has even been a suggestion that at least a truce with the south should be patched up, and both sides throw their energies into preparations for the defence of the frontier, but party politics is much more interesting than the mere possibility of a border struggle; and so apparently nothing is being done. The danger is not only on the Manchurian border. For thousands of miles in Mongolia the borders of China and Russia march together, and in the far west of China there have already been signs that the Bolshevik influence is stirring up trouble that the local authorities, with their inadequate forces, equipped with antiquated arms, may not be able to suppress.

Of course, there is what the Chinese regard as an adequate reason for doing nothing, and that is that they have no money with which to do anything. If, however, they gave signs of really wanting to do something the money difficulty need not last five minutes.

Raven Trust Co., Ltd.

15 Nanking Rd. Phone 60 or 65.

INSURANCE

Fire Insurance
Burglary Insurance
Motor Car Insurance
Lowest rates Phone 65

INVESTMENTS

GOLD INVESTMENTS Phone 60
We have for sale in amounts of G. $10 or more Preference Shares paying 7%.

SILVER INVESTMENTS Phone 60
We have for sale in amounts of Tls. 100.00 or more Debentures paying interest at 7%.

also

Anglo-Java	Dominion
Ayer Tawa	Kota Bahroe
Chemor	H. and S. Bank
Consolidated	Shanghai Lands
China Realty	Telephone
Culty Dairy	French Debentures

In large or small amounts.

OFFICES TO LET Phone 60
15 Nanking Road, one room.

HOUSE FOR SALE Phone 60
On Route Vallon, containing drawing room, dining room, three bedrooms, two bathrooms, garden and tennis court. Tls. 16,000.

LAND FOR SALE Phone 60
On Route Say Zoong, 2½ mow suitable for foreign residence.
On Rue Lafayette, 10 mow suitable for foreign residences.

THE LATEST PARISIAN MODELS OF FINE JEWELLERY AND THE FAMOUS TECLA PEARL NECKLACES WILL BE EXHIBITED FOR A FEW DAYS MORE IN THE ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL, SUITE A.

RINGS FROM	$100
SAUTOIRES FROM	$ 75
PENDANTS FROM	$125
CUFF LINKS FROM	$ 50
BROOCHES FROM	$125
SCARF PINS FROM	$ 35
TECLA PEARL NECKLACES FROM	$ 75

A LARGE SELECTION OF DIAMOND SOLITAIRE RINGS, EARRINGS, PENDANTS, ETC.

ALL OUR JEWELLERY IS MOUNTED IN PLATINUM WITH PURE WHITE BRAZILIAN DIAMONDS

MORNINGS 10 TO 1
AFTERNOONS 2.30 TO 5.30.
AND BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT

INSPECTION INVITED

TECLA

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL
SUITE A.

PARIS
RUE DE LA PAIX

The All British
Standard
LIGHT CAR

A PROVED LIGHT CAR with a COLONIAL REPUTATION for RELIABILITY under ANY CONDITIONS.

Make sure of getting early delivery of a Post War Model by sending your enquiry to

THE STANDARD MOTOR CO., Ltd., Coventry, England.

Sir Walter Raleigh

Famous among English Courtiers & Adventurers an Enthusiast to whom the Queen Elizabeth granted her Letters Patent for the discovering and planting of new Lands and Countries. One of the Founders of Virginia and one of the first to venture upon the use of its seductive product—Tobacco

"Three Castles"
VIRGINIA CIGARETTES

are made from the very choicest tobaccos grown in the fertile lands that Raleigh "planted." The cigarettes are made perfect and, moreover they are perfect when they come to you because of the air-tight packing.

There's no sweeter Tobacco come from Virginia and no better Brand than the "THREE CASTLES"

W.D. & H.O. WILLS. Bristol and London, England.

W.G.S.

This advertisement is issued by the British-American Tobacco Co., Ltd.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD SUED BY HONGKONG BANK

Claim For Rupees 17,425 Brought In Mixed Court Against Steamship Co.

Suit against the Austrian Lloyd Co. was brought by the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation in the Mixed Court yesterday. The claim is for 17,425 rupees, a bill drawn by the Austrian Lloyd on their Bombay office on August 4, 1914, the date war broke out, the payment of which was subsequently refused the plaintiffs upon presentation.

The dishonoring of the bill in Bombay necessitated a claim in Shanghai, said Mr. G. H. Wright, appearing for the plaintiffs. He stated that there had been correspondence between the parties and that the defendants had at one time agreed to pay but subsequently announced that instructions from their Consul-General made this impossible because of the state of war with Great Britain.

Mr. Pucher, manager of the Austrian Lloyd, was in court and when asked if he admitted the claim, said that he was not in a position to deny or admit and that the company was closed and business dead. Mr. H. S. Lindsay of the bank gave evidence in support of the claim.

Mr. Pucher remarked that these were extraordinary times and expressed surprise at the bank's action. The Austrian Lloyd, he said, owed money to a number of concerns, including the German bank, which is in liquidation, and large amounts to Japanese and no one else had pressed for payment. He submitted that he could not sue an Englishman and did not see how an Englishman could sue him. The case was adjourned to give the manager opportunity to give legal grounds for being restrained from paying the claim.

SHIPBUILDERS ANSWER STRICTURES OF GEDDES

Urge Government To Adopt Proposals Unionists Made To Premier In January

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, March 13.—A conference of shipbuilding employers and shipbuilding trade unionists, which met in London, yesterday, has issued a statement in reply to the recent speech made by Sir Eric Geddes, the First Lord of the Admiralty.

They recall the proposals they made to Mr. Lloyd George in November and January for the better working of the shipbuilding yards and conclude that it is impossible to believe that Sir Eric Geddes could have had these negotiations in mind when he spoke. They declare that these negotiations reveal their appreciation of the seriousness of the situation and their anxiety to help. This spirit still animates them. They believe that many of the hindrances to output during the last few months might have been removed if the organisation they originally suggested had been adopted. They urge the Government to reconsider the position without delay.

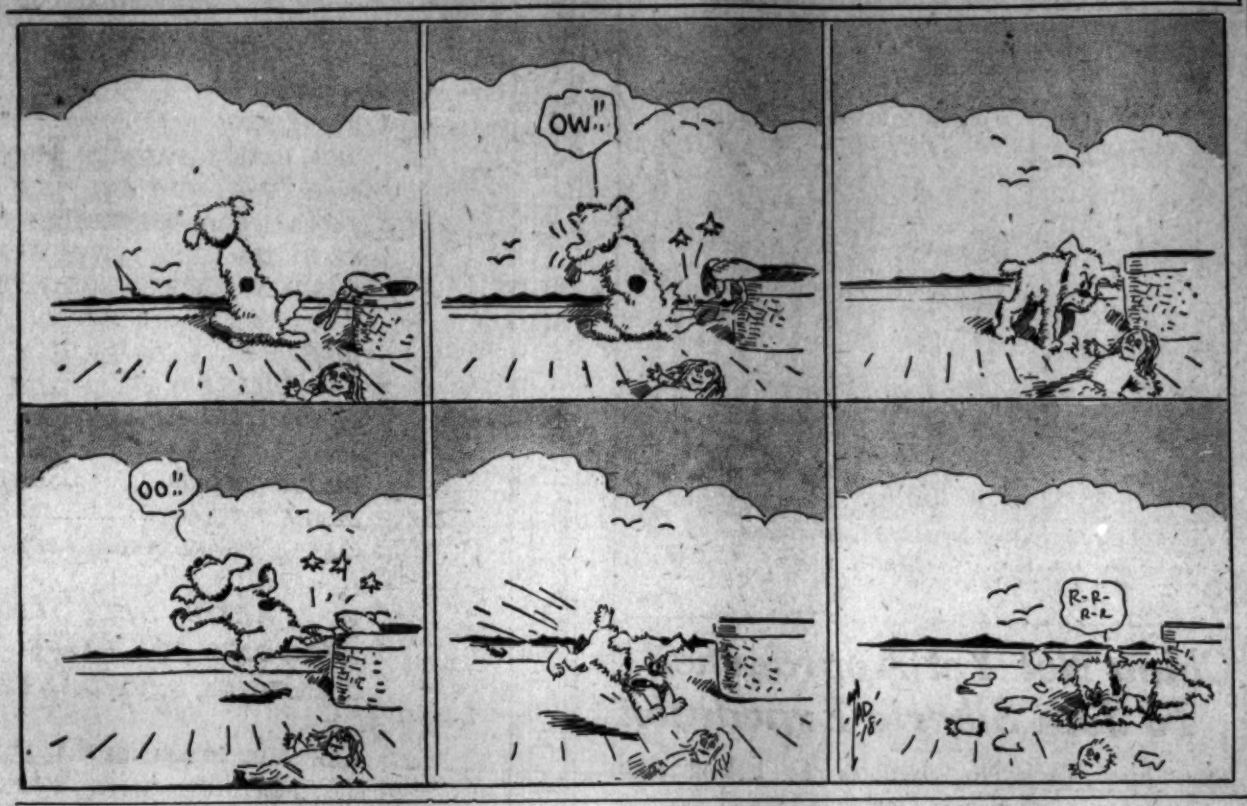
In any event, they are prepared loyally to support and actively to cooperate with the Government to secure the fullest output of ships.

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kasuga M. Mar. 16
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Omi Maru Mar. 18
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kumano M. Mar. 20
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Chikugo M. Mar. 22
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yawata M. Mar. 28
For U.S. Canada and Europe:—
Via Vancouver .....Mar. 16
Per T.K.K. s.s. Siberia Maru Mar. 25

You know that you have the best when you ride a
RALEIGH
THE ALL-STEEL BICYCLE
with Dunlop tyres and Sturmey-Archer 3-speed gear. See the Raleigh trademark on your bicycle and ride with confidence.
Send a p.c. for "The Book of the Raleigh."
Wm. Forbes & Co.
TIENTSIN



FRANCE THRILLED BY COMMANDER'S HEROISM

Officer Of Submarine Monge Returns To Tell Of Captain's Supreme Bravery

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, March 13.—The repatriation from captivity of the Second Officer of the French Submarine Monge, which was sunk in the Mediterranean in December, 1915, reveals a most thrilling story of heroism.

The Monge had torpedoed an Austrian destroyer when the cruiser Helgoland rammed and holed her, causing the submarine to sink 200 feet, while the water flooded her accumulators, extinguishing the lights. The crew, thinking all was lost, shouted "Vive France" and then calmly obeyed the orders of their commander Morillot, who wished to rise. He succeeded in raising the submarine but a hail of shells aimed at the conning-tower compelled it to descend again. A shell struck the hull as it was submerging, damaging it irrptrievably. The crew remained at their posts and Commander Morillot had to order them to leave the ship. He himself and two others went down with the vessel and perished.

MORALE OF FRENCH SUPERB, SAYS BAKER

German Air Raids Futile, Asserts War Secretary Who Scores Barbarous Enemy

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, March 13.—Mr. Baker, the American Secretary of War, has given a reporter of Le Petit Parisien his impressions during the recent air raid on Paris.

He said: "The enemy makes no distinction between war upon soldiers and war upon women and children. If his aim is to destroy property, the results are slight compared to the efforts expended. If he is trying to weaken the French morale, the answer is the superb attitude of the people of Paris. Air raids over cities, like submarine barbarity with its attacks upon American rights, are veritably the cause of the entry of America into the War."

Mr. Baker concluded with the following statement:

"We shall send our soldiers to Europe until the world has been delivered from such horrors."

Premier Of Finland Escapes To Berlin

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, March 13.—The Premier of Finland, M. Svinhufvud, has escaped from the Red Guards at Helsingfors and arrived in Berlin.

Major Glazebrook, M.P. Is Killed In Palestine

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, March 13.—Major P. K. Glazebrook, Unionist M.P. for South Manchester, has been killed in Palestine.

Obituary

Mr. Henry Hunter Coghlan

Mr. Henry Hunter Coghlan, local representative of Messrs. Paul Susmann and Co., Manchester, and lately of the Import Department of Messrs. Jardine, Mathesen and Co., died at his home Thursday night following the bursting of an abcess of the ear.

Mr. Coghlan, who was the son of the Rev. H. Coghlan, vicar of Blackley, near Manchester, was very well and popularly known in Shanghai and his death comes as a shock to a wide circle of friends. He leaves a widow and child.

Funeral services will be held at 4.30 o'clock this afternoon at Bubbling Well Cemetery. No flowers by request.

300 BURGLARIES DAILY BY BOLD BERLIN THIEVES

Robbers In Every Quarter Of Capital And Some Even Break Into War Office

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, March 13.—The lack of public safety in Berlin has reached alarming proportions, says the Berlin Gazette. This paper publishes interview with the director of an insurance company who says that every day an average of 300 burglaries are reported to his company. The total number of burglaries is naturally high because many commercial houses and private dwellings are not insured. No quarter of Berlin is free from thieves, who have even broken into the buildings of the Ministry of War and the residence of the Commander-General of the Territorial Forces of Brandenburg.

Native Troops Desert Germans In Africa

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, March 13.—An official despatch from East Africa reports:

Our column from Port Amelia expelled a detachment of the enemy from Poluvu, westward of Meza.

There are indications that many of the native troops are deserting the enemy.

Five More Villages Taken In Palestine

British Advance Three Miles On Front Of Eleven Over Stubborn Resistance

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, March 13.—An official despatch from Palestine reports:

We have slightly advanced our line eastward of the Jerusalem-Nablus Road.

East-Anglian, South-Anglian and Indian troops in the coastal sector advanced three miles on a front of eleven miles, capturing five villages, at two of which the enemy made a stubborn resistance.

An official despatch from Palestine yesterday reported:

We have made a further advance on both sides of the Jerusalem-Nablus Road, inflicted considerable casualties on the enemy and captured several machine-guns.

AMERICANS KEPT IN CAGES BY FOE

Instructions To Give No Food To Prisoners For Four Days Taken From Germans

With the American army in France, Feb. 1.—(Associated Press.)—American officers at the front have come into possession of documents said to have been taken from Germans opposite our positions and which say that all prisoners, including commissioned and non-commissioned officers, after being captured are to be kept in cages for four days without food and compelled to stand all the time. At the end of the four days only small quantities of food are to be given.

Although definite information on the point is lacking, some American officers today expressed the belief that the order resulted from the difficulties the Germans probably experienced in extracting information from the first American prisoners captured in November. Such treatment of prisoners, it is felt, could be designed only to make them give up military information.

Conditions were quiet on the American sector all of yesterday because of the fog. Beyond a few shots from both sides at targets there was very little artillery firing and virtually no infantry activity.

Additional details of Wednesday's raid show that only the heroism of the platoon in the trenches nearest the listening post raided prevented the enemy from entering the trenches and perhaps capturing prisoners.

As soon as the barrage fire lifted, the platoon came out of its dugouts and stepped to the firing platforms. Their rifle fire held off a superior number of Germans who tried to approach. When the enemy saw that the Americans were determined to hold the position they withdraw into the fog. Later a number of bloody enemy rifles and other equipment were found beyond the American position.

You Can Help Us To Save Belgium's Little Ones

Send your cheque now and help to save a suffering little life. A Belgian Committee in Holland, "L'Œuvre de la Sante de L'Enfance Belge" (under the Presidency H.S.H. Princess A. de Ligne) receives *from Belgium*

STARVED, CONSUMPTIVE BROKEN CHILDREN

Feeds, Houses and Clothes them. When restored to health, they are returned to Belgium (for funds do not permit more).

HELP THESE LITTLE ONES!

Remittances to Hon. Treasurer, "Working Men's Belgian Fund," (Registered War Charities Act 1916) 32 Grosvenor Place, London, S.W.1., earmarked for the "Belgian Children's Fund."

USE

PATTON'S SUN-PROOF PAINTS

Contracting a Specialty

HIGH CLASS WORKMANSHIP GUARANTEED

FEARON, DANIEL & CO., INC.

18b Kiangse Road. Telephone 108

"COMMANDER"

Sold in Tins of Fifty Cigarettes

Also in Packets of Twenty Cigarettes

It is necessary for you to try Commander but once to appreciate its better size and pleasing qualities.

Westminster Tobacco Co., Ltd.

DESTROYER CONVOYS DEFEATING U-BOATS

Commander Taussig Tells Of Need For Greater Fleet In Barred Zone

ROOT URGES ECONOMY

Tells Carnegie Hall Audience Greater Saving Needed To Win War

New York, February 2.—Commander J. K. Taussig, United States Navy, just returned after months of hunting the German undersea boats and who jumped into prominence with the slogan, "We're ready now," on the day of his arrival in British waters with the destroyer fleet, is confident the American destroyers will eventually master the dreaded submarine.

His assertion brought cheer after cheer from 5,000 people who filled Carnegie Hall last night in one of the greatest demonstrations since this country entered the war.

The meeting was under the auspices of the National War Savings Committee. Its main object was to bring home to every man, woman and child in New York and the United States that their part in the world war was just as important as that of the husband, father, brother or son who shouldered a gun and went to the trenches.

"The American destroyers are now and have been ever since their arrival doing a great work in combating the effectiveness of the submarines," Commander Taussig declared. "And more destroyers, provided we get enough of them—and we will, we must—will in time solve this serious problem. It is numbers that will count in the end, and that is what the American people must give us."

Hard To Sink

Commander Taussig said the success of the fleet was not in the number of submarines sunk, but in having sufficient destroyers to convoy all valuable ships and cargoes. It is the convoying of ships, he declares, that is making the submarine lose its power.

"As to sinking a submarine, that is a pretty tough job," he said. "Frankly, in my seven months of service on patrol duty I cannot say for sure we sank one undersea boat. Of course we encountered and fired upon numerous ones, but there were only three or four we thought we might have possibly sunk, and then we were not absolutely sure."

Elihu Root, chairman of the meeting, praised Secretary McAdoo, who sent his regrets at not being able to attend, as a man who was doing a giant's work, and lauded Samuel Gompers and the American Federation of Labor for the patriotic part they were taking in lending their every aid to the Government.

In forcing home the gigantic task that confronted the American people who were not expected to shoulder a rifle in the conflict for world freedom, Mr. Root said:

Saving The Only Solution

"This war is a war of supplies as well as a war of arms. Fifty million men of the world have been mobilised in armies, perhaps that many more in special war work. With 100,000,000 men out of productive employment the natural result is a shortage of food, clothing and the production of raw materials for shells and other munitions of war.

"The supreme test today is to supply the materials necessary to go on with the war. There is only one solution if victory is to be won, and that responsibility rests with the American people. The secret is saving, saving in the daily consumption of materials needed by our men. The average American family is extravagant and wastes enough each day to feed another family of the same size.

"But that day must be over. We must save. If we don't do it we will lose the war, and with it our liberty."

Japanese And Chinese Envoys In Irkutsk

A Harbin telegram last night stated that a wire from Irkutsk reported the arrival of the Chinese and Japanese Ministers to Petrograd and their staffs at that city Wednesday afternoon.

GERMAN DOCKS BOMBED

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, March 13.—The Admiralty issues the following communique:

Our naval aircraft dropped three tons of bombs on Bruges Dock on Monday night and raided the billets and sidings at St. Pierre Capelle yesterday and started large fires. They also used their machine-guns against the enemy trenches.

During their patrols our naval aircraft brought down two machines in flames. One of ours is missing.

KODAK Finishing

with us is a speciality. Try us with some of your work and be convinced

Burr 2 Broadway

Chinese Students Will Give Banquet

World Federation To Celebrate Thirteenth Anniversary With American Guests

The World's Chinese Students' Federation will celebrate its thirteenth anniversary with a banquet and a program of music and speeches this evening at 7 o'clock at the Oriental Hotel, Nanking and Chekiang Roads.

The principal speakers will include Mr. Julean Arnold, the American Commercial Attache, Mr. Sague, American delegate to the International Tariff Revision Commission, and Mr. Hsia Chia-fu, former Chinese Minister to Washington. Mr. Li Sung-chen will entertain the association with an exhibition of sleight-of-hand, while Miss Sung will play a piano solo.

Prizes won at the seventh annual membership campaign will be distributed and directors of the federation will be elected at the conclusion of the entertainment.

King George Receives Mission From Siam

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, March 13.—The King today very cordially received the Siamse Military Mission, the chief of which, subsequently interviewed by a representative of Reuter's Agency, stated that the enthusiasm for the Allies in Siam was remarkable. When the Mission left Siam two months ago over 20 times the number of men required had volunteered for service with the Allies, including many representatives of the highest families in Siam. The Siamese people were extremely indignant concerning the barbarities of the Germans.

American Labor Sends Greetings To Soviets

People Of U. S. Eager To Help Russia In Any Way Possible

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, March 13.—Mr. Samuel Gompers, on behalf of the American Labor Alliance, has telegraphed to the Congress of Soviets at Moscow assuring it that the American people are eager to help Russia and are awaiting suggestions as to how aid may be effectively extended.

1914 RIBBONS SENT TO INDIA

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, March 12.—In the House of Commons today Mr. J. I. Macpherson, Parliamentary Secretary to the War Office, stated that supplies of the "1914" ribbon have been despatched to India and the various theaters of the war and should be available for issue now except in distant theaters.

Shanghai Rifle Assn.

The first March competition was held Thursday morning and afternoon. The weather conditions were good. Range, Bisley, 300 yards, 1 sig. and 10 scoring shots.

The following are the results:

"A" Class:	
W. T. Rose	47(a)
W. J. Monk	45
A. M. Collaco	44
G. H. A. Snow	44
J. Macbeth	44
T. C. Britton	43
C. Luthy	41
O. L. Ilbert	41
"B" Class:	
T. Watanabe	45(b)
F. E. Hodges	44
J. E. Cameron	43
G. A. Fitch	42
G. F. Forshaw	41
C. Bedoni	41
J. Johansson	41
A. E. Dequine	40
F. L. Tinkham	39
V. Budell	39
F. Bonichi	39
C. Matsuno	37
P. G. Tate	38
F. Gutierrez	32
D. Kajiwara	30
W. L. Prowett	28
R. Sasada	22
S. Otsuki	17
"C" Class:	
C. W. Marshall	42(b)
C. Matthews	40
S. B. Stevenson	40
F. Gates	38
G. Dunlop	37
R. F. Wilber	36
K. Yamanaka	36
H. W. Lambert	32
F. W. Snape	24
"D" Class:	
H. E. Pickering	39(b)
A. J. Hughes	37
A. F. Gomes	36
M. Tamemisa	36
N. Sudsuki	36
K. Nakashima	36
J. Bartolini	33
T. Ohshima	33
Aug. White	32
L. Ogino	31
A. F. Diniz, Jr.	30
H. Robinson	30
G. V. Jensen	29
D. Gow	22

(a) 4th leg on cup and cup won outright.
(b) 1st leg on cup and winner of spoon.

Today's Football

St. Xavier's 2nd eleven and the Customs will meet in a league football match at Hongkew Park at 2.30 p.m. today. The following will represent St. Xavier's:

H. Garry, W. Favacho, H. Favacho, F. Gutierrez, Sr., F. Dixon, A. Gordes, T. Murray (Capt.), G. Silva, F. Gutierrez, Jr., J. Dew, J. Gutierrez.

Shanghai Golf Club

The March monthly cup competition of the Shanghai Golf Club will be held this week-end at the Kiangwan Course. A week from Sunday there will be a match between the Club and the Junior Golf Club.

Hongkong Firm Sues Three Germans Here

Civil Claim In Mixed Court For $6,275 Rentals

Three German subjects, members of the firm of Siemssen and Co., were made defendants in a civil suit brought in the Mixed Court before Assessor Grant Jones and Magistrate Kwan yesterday by the Hongkong Central Estates, Ltd. The defendants are O. Struckmeyer, E. Siebert and H. A. Siebs and the amount claimed is Hongkong $6,275.45, costs and relief being also asked.

The claim is for balance of rent and lift charges due under a tenancy agreement respecting the Queen's Building, Hongkong, which building is owned by the plaintiffs and was formerly leased to the defendants. Mr. G. H. Wright represented the plaintiffs and the defendants were not represented. The case was adjourned after brief argument.

News Brevities

The St. Patrick's Society of Shanghai will give a dinner at the Palace Hotel this evening, commencing at 8 o'clock.

* * *

Mr. Denis Santry, cartoonist of the Rand Daily Mail and the Sunday Times of Johannesburg, is in Shanghai for a few days en route to the United States where he plans to follow his chosen line. "Santry's Topicalities," a series of animated cartoons, have proved popular both in the States and in South Africa and Mr. Santry will continue to furnish them to movie concerns in America. One of the series is being shown at the Apollo Theater beginning this afternoon and evening.

NO PEACE FOR SERVIA

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, March 14.—The Press Bureau announces:

"The Servian Legation emphatically denies the rumors circulated by Germany of peace pourparlers between Servia and her enemies.

Paper Hunt Club Races

The fine weather of the past two days give promise of ideal conditions for the Shanghai Paper Hunt Club race program scheduled for today and an entirely successful meet is anticipated.

The first saddling bell ushering in the nine events of the day will be rung at 1.30 p.m. sharp. Tickets may be secured at the gate at $1 each, 50 cents for children, and there will be Pari-Mutuel facilities, for win and place, and members' sweeps.

The card of events is:

1. The Tunsin Plate.
2. The Jorrocks Cup.
3. The Tally Ho Cup.
4. The Club Challenge Cup.
5. The Pleasant Quarters Cup.
6. The Hung Jao Plate.
7. The Stewards' Cup.
8. The Beef Stakes.
9. The Hark Forrard Stakes.

Shipping Items

The I.-C. s.s. Luenho left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.
The N.K.K. s.s. Tachang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.
The C.N. s.s. Suiyang left Hongkong for Amoy and Shanghai on Tuesday.
The C.N. s.s. Sinkiang left Hongkong for Shanghai on Thursday.
The I.-C. s.s. Suiwo left Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday.
The C.N. s.s. Luenyi left Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday.
The H.O. s.s. Tehhsing left Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday.
The N.K.K. s.s. Tafoo Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday.
The C.N. s.s. Ngankin left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.
The C.M. s.s. Kiangkwan left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.
The N.K.K. s.s. Nanyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.
The C.M. s.s. Hsinfung left Tientsin for Shanghai via Chefoo on Wednesday.
The C.M. s.s. Kiangyu will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.
The I.-C. s.s. Wingsang will leave Hongkong for Shanghai tomorrow.
The I.-C. s.s. Kutwo will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.
The N.K.K. s.s. Talee Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.
The I.-C. s.s. Koonshing left Tientsin for Shanghai via Chefoo and Weihaiwei yesterday.

Sailed from Shanghai

For London, etc.	
Inaba Maru	Mar. 3
Kanagawa Maru	Jan. 13
Mishima Maru	Jan. 21
Monmouthshire	Jan. 30
For Liverpool	
Kawachi Maru	Feb. 17
Takhybius	Jan. 24
Tamba Maru	Dec. 29
For New York	
Matoppo	Dec. 1
For San Francisco	
Ecuador	Mar. 7
Korea Maru	Mar. 12
Shinyo Maru	Feb. 12
For Tacoma	
Justin	Mar. 10
For Seattle	
Suwa Maru	Feb. 17
For Vancouver	
Harold Dollar	Feb. 25
Key West	Feb. 21

Siccawei Weather Report

14.—Fine weather in the Northern and Central districts; overcast in the South. Fresh to strong northerly monsoon on the coast and at open sea; easy breezes on the continent The anticyclone of NE China extends over Korea and the sea of Japan Moderate gradient in China.

15.—Very fine cold weather Dence fog at sunrise.

Friday, March 15, 1918.

WEATHER	4 a.m.	9 a.m.
Bar. at Centg., mm...	769.69	771.00
Bar. at Centg., inches.	30.30	30.35
Variation mm for 24h	†1.49	†1.26
Variation for mm 21h	†0.92	†0.30
Wind—Direction	ENE	NE
Wind—Kilom per hour	3	11
Wind—Miles	1.9	6.8
Temperature—Cen ...	5°1	8°2
Temperature—Fah ...	41.2	46.8
Humidity co	93	71
Nebulosity 5-10	0	6
Rainfall mm	0.1	—
Rainfall inches	0.00	—

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK

(MALTED BARLEY, WHEAT, AND PURE FULL-CREAM MILK).

The Food Drink with all the Virtues.

1. Generates force and sustains it.
2. Gives strength and maintains it.
3. Easily digested and completely absorbed
4. Delicious and refreshing.
5. Ready in a moment.
6. Suits all ages and conditions.
7. Keeps in all climates.

Supplied by all Chemists and Stores. In 3 Sizes, 1/6, 2/6 and 11/- (in England).

Also available in Tablet form to be dissolved in the mouth.

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK CO., SLOUGH, BUCKS., ENG.

THE KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION

KAIPING Coal Coke

For all Industrial and Household Purposes

Offices: No. 1 Jinkee Road, Shanghai

MOTOR TIRES

British Made

'ALL SIZES

Best Quality

Lowest Prices

No. 1 FOOCHOW ROAD

Since War broke out

5,000 Oliver Typewriters

have been bought by H. B. M. Government for military purposes

Oliver Typewriter Agency: 1, Foochow Road.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

Don't Poison Baby.

FORTY YEARS AGO almost every mother thought her child must have paregoric or laudanum to make it sleep. These drugs will produce sleep, and a few drops too many will produce the sleep from which there is no waking. Many are the children who have been killed or whose health has been ruined for life by paregoric, laudanum and morphine, each of which is a narcotic product of opium. Druggists are prohibited from selling either of the narcotics named to children at all, or to anybody without labeling them "poison." The definition of "narcotic" is: "*A medicine which relieves pain and produces sleep, but which in poisonous doses produces stupor, coma, convulsions and death.*" The taste and smell of medicines containing opium are disguised, and sold under the names of "Drops," "Cordials," "Soothing Syrups," etc. You should not permit any medicine to be given to your children without you or your physician know of what it is composed. Castoria does not contain narcotics.

The signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* guarantees genuine Castoria

Physicians Recommend Castoria.

"I have frequently prescribed Castoria for common ailments of children with good results."
W. A. CRANDALL, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y.

"I find your Castoria is very beneficial in the treatment of children's ailments."
F. DAVIS, M. D., Chicago, Ill.

"As the father of thirteen children I certainly know something about your great medicine and, aside from my own family experience, I have, in my years of practice found Castoria a popular and efficient remedy in almost every home."
WM. J. MCCRANN, M. D., Omaha, Neb.

"I object to what are called patent medicines, where maker alone knows what stuff is put in them, but I know the formula of your Castoria and advise its use in proper cases. I judge it to be a very useful, as well as harmless family medicine."
N. B. SIZER, M. D., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

HERE'S a luxury within the reach of everyone—a hairbath in the whipped-cream-like lather that LUX makes in hot water. Your hair takes on a soft, luminous silken quality that makes it a crown of beauty indeed. The scalp is stimulated, your head refreshed.

LUX makes the water soft. These wee satin-smooth flakes of the purest essence of soap dissolve absolutely in hot water so that not the tiniest particle of soap can remain to clog the pores. Try it to-night.

LUX

Electric Kettles.

Electric Kettles are ideal for heating small quantities of water—a touch of the switch and boiling water is ready in a few minutes at a negligible cost.

Electric Kettles may be operated off any lamp socket or plug at any time of the day or night. NO EXTRA EXPENSE FOR WIRING.

Electric Kettles of various types are stocked and sold at moderate prices by local contractors; they may be seen at the

MUNICIPAL ELECTRICITY DEPARTMENT

SHOWROOMS: 471-2 NANKING ROAD. TEL. No. 2660

The China Press

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR EXCEPT ON MONDAYS AND HOLIDAYS
Home Office, Ford Building, Wilmington, Delaware, U. S. A.
Address all Communications to
THE CHINA PRESS
Publication Office Canton and Kiangse Rd., Shanghai
Editorial Offices...Canton and Kiangse Rd., Shanghai
New York Office.....World Building
Washington Bureau Metropolitan Bank Building
Tokio, Bureau.....Japan Advertiser Building

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Year...Mex.$23.00
DAILY AND SUNDAY four Months $8.50
SUNDAY, per Year 7.00
Mailed to Outports, 50 cents per month, or Mex. $6.00 per year extra.
Mailed to foreign countries the cost of postage will be added.
Street Sales—Daily 10 cents per copy; Sunday 20 cents per copy.
Entered at the Chinese P. O. for transmission with "special marks" privileges in China.
Entered as second-class mail matter at U. S. Postal Agency, Shanghai, China.
Entered as a newspaper at the Japanese P. O.
Telephone—1422 Business Office.
1423 Editorial Department.
Telegraph Address—NATPRESS SHANGHAI.

THE CHINA PRESS Incorporated
Delaware, Publishers

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, MARCH 16, 1918

WEATHER

Mild and misty weather with moderate and variable breezes.

Labor And The War

By George Haven Putnam
(New York Tribune)

IT is not too much to say that the decision of this world's war, a decision upon which depends the status of civilisation for many years to come, is dependent upon the action of labor, organised and unorganised, in the various countries concerned. The men who work with their hands constitute the majority in all communities, and their service must be secured in part for the fighting lines and in part for the work required to maintain the fighting lines and maintain at the same time the essential industries of the countries whose troops are at the front.

During the three years of the war the workingmen have in large part given evidence of a good understanding of the nature of the issues that were being fought out and they have much to their credit in the matter of local service and of a readiness to put to one side, under the pressure of war needs, contentions and convictions concerning the proper limit for working hours and the readiness to carry on work with men who had not accepted membership in the unions. The unions in Great Britain have (after certain troublesome delays) finally adopted a war policy by means of which the full strength of their membership is being contributed to the maintenance of the war resources of the nation.

On this side of the Atlantic Mr. Gompers has used his great influence in favor of wise and patriotic action on the part of organised labor. He has rendered enormous service to the country and to the cause in making clear to the members of the unions two things: First, that common with all the citizens of the Republic they owe service, and that in time of emergency they owe exceptional service, and, second, that from the point of view of their own personal advantage they have a very direct personal interest in doing their part to bring the war to a successful close in such fashion that the liberties of the Republic may be preserved, that its obligations may be fulfilled, and that the prosperity of its productive industries may be assured for the years to come.

It is proper to recall, however, that great bodies of the workingmen in this country have refused to accept the policy of patriotic leaders like Mr. Gompers. Some groups have endeavored to utilise for their own petty advantage the opportunities given by the pressure for war production. Others have allowed themselves to accept the leadership of the I. W. W. and to take the ground that the real struggle to be determined was not that between German militarism and civilisation, but between what they call capitalism and the interests of the workers. The short-sighted selfishness of workers (or idlers) of this kind has been promptly taken advantage of by German propagandists, who realise that every interruption to industry in this country constitutes a gain for the German cause. It is under the influence and with the use of the money of these propagandists that the I. W. W. have been encouraged to carry on sabotage, to provoke strikes, to block by means of the burning of factories, by bombs and by the disabling of machinery the production of munitions, equipment and food.

At this time when the Republic requires for its defence all its available resources of men and of material a strike of workingmen, mill, mine, factory or railroad employes is simply treason. All industries must, for the safety of the country, be maintained at full efficiency. The individual who sells information to the enemy is not guilty of more serious treason than that which attaches to the union calling out a thousand men from the workshop.

The action of similar groups in Russia has brought enormous disasters upon the country. The labor organisations in Russia have taken the ground that the educated classes and the so-called bourgeois, who are described by them as representing the arch enemy—capitalism—shall have no part in the government of the country. The labor committees which for the moment control affairs in Petrograd, and who are trying to control the country, have shown their understanding of national honor and of national interests by announcing their intention to repudiate the national debt. They have at the same time taken possession of bank deposits and of the contents of the shops of the metropolis.

Their standard of action is that of crazy children who have broken into a candy shop. They believe that it is going to be possible to carry on the industries of Russia, upon which industries depends, of course, the livelihood of the workers, without the use of organised capital. They believe that it is going to be possible to maintain the independence of the nation after operations which mean the piratical appropriation of resources that have been loaned to Russia by France, England and the United States. The actions of the labor unions in Petrograd show labor at its worst. So far no leader has appeared with a wisdom and patriotism like that of Mr. Gompers to rescue these children from their wicked folly.

I may recall in this connection the wise and patriotic action taken by certain English working folk in the years between 1861-'65. The cotton operators in Manchester, Oldham and other manufacturing centers were, after the beginning of 1862, starving because for want of cotton the mills had closed. Leaders like Palmerston, Russell and John Delane, of The London Times, and other friends of Louis Napoleon and of the cause of the South were trying to convince these men of Lancashire that their influence must be used to induce the government to intervene in the American war and to secure the independence of the Confederacy. In this way, said The Times, and only in this way, can it be possible to secure a speedy peace and to bring again to the factories of England the supplies of cotton which were required to save the working folk from starvation.

These men of Lancashire, putting to one side such specious suggestions, accepted the leadership of John Bright, Richard Cobden and the Duke of Argyll. They refused to give the weight of their votes and influence in behalf of a cause which stood for human slavery. They held, with John Bright, that the maintenance of the American Republic was essential for the interests of representative government, of government for the people, not only in America, but in England and throughout the world. The American Minister, Mr. Adams, asked John Bright what could be done to help these starving operators, and Bright suggested that America might send food. Committees were formed in New York and in Boston, including in their membership list such men as John M. Forbes, Moses H. Grinnell, William E. Dodge, A. T. Stewart, George P. Putnam and others. Supplies of food were purchased and were forwarded in three vessels to Liverpool, consigned to a committee that Bright had organised for the purpose. This sympathetic gift constituted the recognition from America of the sturdy patriotism of the workingmen of England.

The lesson is one that can well be taken to heart by working folk today throughout the world. Irrespective of their duty as citizens, their livelihood is bound up with the securing of a peace that shall be an assured peace. Their interests are definitely opposed to militarism, which means the continuation of the burdens of standing armies and the certain renewal of war in the near future.

If the working peoples on both sides of the Atlantic will see clearly and will act with wisdom and patriotism, the doom of militarism is assured and the world will be made safe for democracy.

Saito Man And The Lady Ju-Jitsu Experts

By Saito Man
(Japan Advertiser)

I fear I shall have considerably to alter my opinion about Japanese women; for on Sunday last I saw something which gave a great shock to my preconception about the gentle, doll-like, all-obedient, ease-loving, happy-go-lucky femininity of Japan.

Mrs. Egi, the celebrated wife of the no less celebrated Dr. Chu Egi, foremost lawyer in Tokio, adds to her numerous accomplishments the unsuspected quality of ironical cynicism. Her answer to my recent articles about Japanese women took the polite form of an invitation to a tea party on March 3, the universal holiday for girls.

One Vs. Ten

What was my astonishment when I found I was the only male Japanese amid the suffocating harem of about ten or eleven women, well-dressed and elegantly-spoken, full of fashionable airs but unabashed manners. There was an artist and a lady teacher of ju-jitsu, and others—all wives of more or less noted men. There was one thing common to all. They were every one of them ju-jitsu women! By Jove what a company this is for any fellow to get mixed in!

I was on the point of asking Mrs. Egi what on earth she meant by throwing a shy, harmless, little fellow like me into the thick of such gorgeous nymphs, when she with her characteristic eloquence and in her irresistible accents checked the rising fumes of my protest.

"I know you are angry with me," she laughed, "because I have brought you into such a company. But you have only yourself to thank, if you are silly enough to be caught napping today. This is the all girls' day and all the inferior male animals in the house including my husband have gone out, and here you are entrapped like a rat. Really you ought to have known the significance of this day. But there is ample compensation for you, because some foreign ladies are coming, and you are a great admirer of foreigners, I am told."

Foreign Auxiliaries

I knew I was quite helpless, and let her prattle without protest. As regards the foreign ladies, she was right, for they soon arrived—no less than three of them, very beautiful, and apparently very well-dressed, if I can at all judge foreign costume. They spoke English perfectly, but are French by birth or long residence, I forget which. Their names were awfully difficult to remember.

The reception room is a spacious apartment—three Japanese rooms thrown into one—and arranged into a half-foreign and half-Japanese style parlor. At the further end of the room there is a gigantic altar on which over a hundred pretty dolls and other paraphernalia of the doll's festival are displayed with a dazzling brilliancy. The hither end of the room is thick with ten tables, chairs, sofas, etc., while the middle part is left in roomy vacancy.

Temporary Escape

The chatter and twitter of female conversation filled the whole room and my poor head ached dreadfully. Nor was I much refreshed by the sumptuous sweet refreshments served out. The coffee was extremely sugary and there was much real cream in it, not the diluted condensed milk which is apt to pass for "cream" in some parts of Japan. The cakes were variegated, half foreign and half Japanese, and they were strictly such as are irresistible to the female taste. The aching of the head grew rather abated. Anon I was glad to hear Dr. Egi had returned home, and rushed into his study and at once plunged into a congenial discourse on various subjects—war, politics, law, literature, what not?

"Here is the book," he said, coming to his favorite topic, jurisprudence, "which a friend of mine has just given me, and this is one of the many books characteristic of new thought which is now obsessing very many of our countrymen, and I deeply regret the tendency. That is what you may call reactionary anti-foreign sentiments. The author angrily declaims that Japan is being poisoned with rotten foreign ideas and fashions and that the salvation of this country can only be effected by Japan returning to the pure Japanese civilisation undefiled. He asserts, as many others have done, that Japan has been emulating only the outward crust and formalities of European civilisation, and that therefore the people should now leave off European civilisation and return to their own national spiritual culture. I only partially agree with such argument but I would like to ask the people how they know that Japanese spiritual civilisation is better than European spiritual civilisation. Here is a bit of the inside history of new Japan. The great statesmen of Meiji had a very excusable motive in introducing only the outside crust of European civilisation into Japan. Yes, there was a deliberate method in Japan's endeavor to assume the appearance of being well civilised. The objective was none other than to shake off unspeakable indignity of extra-territoriality under which Japan had been groaning for decades. To effect this purpose it was necessary to make the foreign Powers believe that Japan is really a civilised nation. And there was no more effective way, in the minds of Meiji statesmen, than to import all possible paraphernalia of Occidental civilisation, however, unsuitable and undesirable they were, so that Japan might be decked out in the borrowed finery of modern civilisation. They succeeded; for, soon after our victorious war with China the Powers were prevailed on to admit Japan into their own civilised circles. So it is no wonder at all that Japan's civilisation as it is partially Occidentalised, should be extremely superficial and skin-deep, standing on a very precarious basis. In nothing is this more glaringly true than in the Japanese law. The German, French and English laws have been freely borrowed, almost ready-made, without any reference whatever to the social and other conditions peculiar to Japan, and it was not surprising that there should be many flaws and imperfections which require thorough revision and pruning."

"In short," he went on, "we have been importing the foreign gods that had no souls. What Japan wants today is not that she should return to the good old Japanese civilisation but that she should adopt the real spirit of Occidental civilisation which she had been neglecting in the past through the sheer force of inevitable national circumstances."

The Ju-Jitsu Begins

I entirely agreed with him and the conversation promised to grow very interesting when alas! it was cut short by a maid servant summoning me to the parlor where something exciting was going to happen. It was none other than the display of ju-jitsu skill by foreign ladies with the help of the Japanese ju-jitsu teacher. The chairs and tables were pushed into the farthest end, and straight way one of the foreign guests began the performance. It was extremely good—"very nice," as the Japanese ju-jitsu teacher pronounced from time to time. I was astonished. Having never seen any woman showing off ju-jitsu skill, I was simply dumbfounded at first to see an apparently slender and helpless lady strutting about the room making vigorous thrusts and feints with her clenched fists and her eyes afire with martial readiness. True that it was "kata," that is, fixed forms which embody the fundamental principles of the "tender art," instead of a ju-jitsu tournament called "randori," but the alertness of movement and the vigor of muscular strength displayed by the foreign lady, and her Japanese teacher, were simply amazing. And the most wonderful part of the whole show is that it is not so mannish, rough or anything which may detract very seriously from the gracefulness of the lady. Indeed there is a certain natural grace in her actions which is not unlike that which is associated with Japanese dancing.

Mrs. Egi's Turn

Another foreign lady showed off her adquisition with equal grace and efficiency, whereon Mrs. Egi herself volunteered to take her turn. In the case of the two foreign ladies their natural grace was in no small degree made possible by their Western costume which lends itself more or less favorably to any kind of sport, but I could not help wondering how a Japanese lady, who is dressed as Mrs. Egi was, in a preposterous kimono which would have done credit to the giddiest geisha in Tokio, with its usual decorative superadditions, such as trailing, embroidered silk skirits; long sleeves; heavy, gold-laced obi; and half a dozen diamond rings on her fingers; can possibly perform such aggressive, militaristic feats as ju-jitsu forms. But for Heaven's sake, she did it all the same, heavily accoutred as she was. Her sleeves tucked up with crimson tatsuki, revealing her slender but muscular arms and drawing about her trailing skirits, she went through all the fierce men-intimidating hocus pocus of ju-jitsu-no-kata, her eyes glaring with savage agressiveness and all her body one compact expression of marshal preparedness, looking for all the world like an onnagata heroine on the Japanese stage. I stood dazed. But I do confess that I did not quite enjoy the whole spectacle, though by no means disgusted.

Mrs. Egi The Champion

It was agreed on all sides that Mrs. Egi was the biggest ju-jitsu woman of the whole lot. I asked her if she had had any opportunity to find the practical utility of her art. "No," she said but made no concealment of the fact that she was not afraid of encountering any person, be it her would-be woman rival or a man assaulter, in the dark. All Tokio know what sort of woman she is, and I think no frivolous men would think of trying her patience too much.

To tell the truth I have an opinion of my own concerning the practice of ju-jitsu by married women of Mrs. Egi's social standing and talents. She seems to have an exceptional surplus of physical and mental energy as well as of money, which, some people fear that she is at present spending in no small measure on ju-jitsu, riding, and jewels and kimono, to the envy and calumny of many of her less lucky friends.

Now that war is breaking out between Japan and Germany in real earnest, and that all the Japanese men and resources are being mobilised though very quietly as yet, I hope that Mrs. Egi and her gallant comrades will use their gifts and talents for a worthier cause that shall bring to them the tribute of a more sterling admiration than the mere adulation of parlor friends.

Fighting Men

The newly finished product of the training schools may posses a swing and snappy precision he lacks; but the man who has been at the front has gained something infinitely more valuable, writes George Pattullo in the Saturday Evening Post. It shows in his eyes. Just what the look is it would be impossible to define. I have seen it in the eyes of every poilu and Tommy who have long faced the boches in the rat-pit warfare of the western front. Absolute sureness of self is the basis.

One day I stood in a little French town and watched a battalion of new troops march to the train, on the way to Verdun. They maintained a perfect column of fours; the rhythmic tread of their feet was like music. With rifles freshly cleaned and oiled and all their accoutrements shining they made a fine appearance, and knew it.

Down from the station came a company of men just out of the trenches. They straggled along any old way, loaded down like peddlers with extra boots and picks and shovels, helmets, bedding and mess tins. The straw of the box cars in which they had traveled clung to ther overcoats and stuck out of their hair. Their legs and backs were plastered with dried mud, and anyone could see with half an eye that they hadn't had a bath in weeks. What's more, they weren't worrying about it. Nearly all were smoking; hardly any of them bothered to talk, even with the townsfolk they passed. Their commander stumped along with a stick, limping slightly, as though his feet hurt him. They were the genuine, Simon-pure article—real old hairy poilus, fresh from their lairs.

They glanced casually at the outgoing battalion—without curiosity, without a vestige of appraisement. In their eyes was the look of men who had found themselves.

The other day we passed through a village alive with poilus and men in khaki. Some of the latter were wearing helmets; others sported small service caps. Somehow they had an unfamiliar aspect. I stared. What troops were these?

"Surely I haven't seen them before! Who are these fellows?"

The American brigadier general who accompanied me beamed.

"You've seen 'em a thousand times. They're ours! But they're veterans now."

He beckoned to a group sitting in front of a shop and two of them came running. The others sprang to attention and gave him a salute that made me blink.

The brigadier made an inquiry of some kind, but I didn't hear it. I was watching the doughboys as they replied to him. In their steady eyes was the look of men who had found themselves.

The brigadier beamed back.

"Well, what do you think of them?"

"They're fighting men."

"You're damn well right they're fighting men!" said the brigadier.

GRAND HOTEL GRAND ANNEX GRAND STRAND

SEASON 1918

TSINGTAU "IDEAL SEA-BATHING"

Commencing JUNE 1st

T. NAGAO, General Manager

Ladies' Fitted Work Baskets

FROM

Mappin & Webb, Ltd.

Boyes, Bassett & Co.

AGENTS

VITAFER

The Greatest of Tonic Foods

FOR BRAIN AND BODY

Invaluable to

Nursing Mothers and Young Children

ENDORSED BY ALL LEADING PHYSICIANS

It is not a temporary stimulant, but an abiding influence for Good Health.

OF ALL CHEMISTS.

BRITISH & AMERICAN PIANOS

New model just arrived

Easy terms to suit you.

Inspection invited, no obligation to purchase

THE ROBINSON PIANO CO., LTD.

"Rusticide" ready for use.

Black Bitumenous Coating for use on Iron, Steel and Zinc.

Rust-resisting, and withstands salt and fresh water, chemical fumes, dilute acids and alkali.

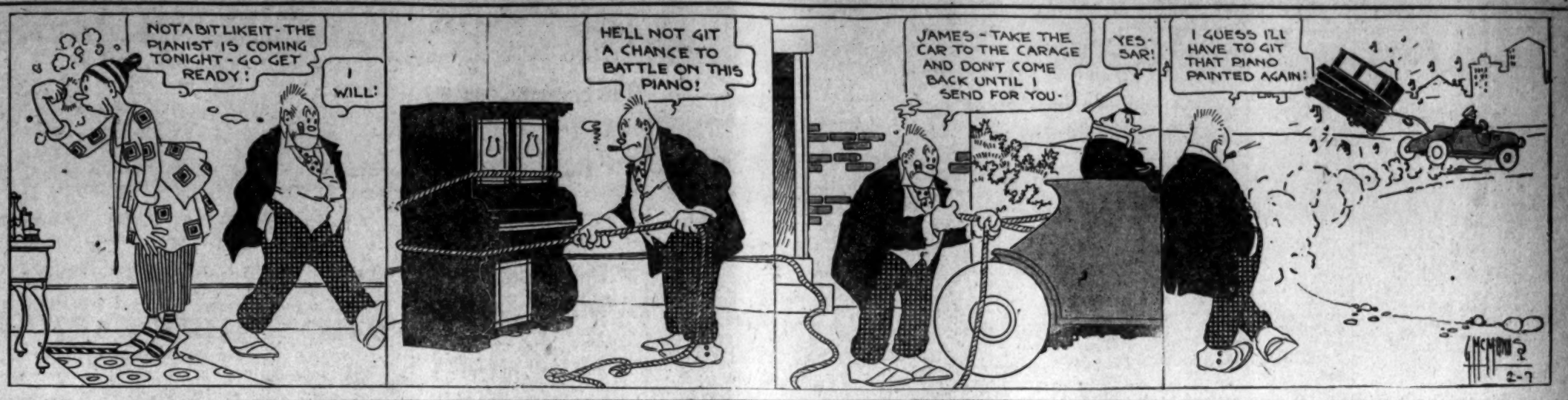
—For—

Shipwork, collierywork, metal chimneys and all iron work in proximity to fumes of sulphur, carbonic acid and chlorine. Specially suitable for ironwork structures in tidal waters where the combined influences of immersion, weather and sun have to be combated.

Not a decorative article.

Wilkinson, Heywood & Clark, Ltd.
SHANGHAI
WHC

Bringing Up Father — By George McManus


NOT A BIT LIKE IT - THE PIANIST IS COMING TONIGHT - GO GET READY!
I WILL!
HE'LL NOT GIT A CHANCE TO BATTLE ON THIS PIANO!
JAMES - TAKE THE CAR TO THE CARAGE AND DON'T COME BACK UNTIL I SEND FOR YOU.
YES-SAR!
I GUESS I'LL HAVE TO GIT THAT PIANO PAINTED AGAIN!
McMANUS 2-7

Love, Home and Table Topics By Clever Writers — **Daily Home Magazine Page** — *A Good Page to Read in the Leisure Hour*

The Temple Of Solomon

(Christian Science Monitor)

There is an ancient triumphal arch adorning the Roman Forum which portrays, with meticulous detail, the conquering hosts of Titus, as they bear off the seven-branched candlesticks and other booty from the Temple at Jerusalem. Nearly 1900 years have passed since the Romans sacked the Holy City and the conqueror was given his "triumph" along the Appian Way. The Romans of the Caesars and the Israelites of Jehovah's chosen people have long ceased to be; but the modern Jew in his wailing place has never forgotten in his prayers the hoary vow that the stones of the Temple shall once more be set up on the sacred abode of Israel's God.

At last came a day when it seemed as though the age-long prayer had been heard. The Jews within the Holy City were gathered together to celebrate the rededication of the Temple, a ceremony which harks back to the days when Judah Maccabee drove out the Syrian tyrant and cleansed the holy place upon that spot which is now the site of the famous Mosque of Omar. No more would the "daughters of Judah" "hang their harps upon the willows" and refuse to sing the "songs of Zion." For high on the Tower of Jerusalem floated the British flag, and through the gates came soldiers of Rome, following a long line of British infantry. The Jews knew that they marched in no spirit of triumph or of conquest; knew that Jerusalem had again been restored to its ancient people, and that the Temple of Solomon would have one more successor upon the threshing-floor of Araunah which David purchased and set aside for that "Holy House" which his son Solomon was to build.

The Temple of Solomon was completed in the year 966 B. C. One hundred and fifty thousand workmen were employed in its construction. It has been estimated that the entire cost of the building was about six billion dollars, although it took only about five years to build. Still more surprising is it to learn that it was by no means so large as commonly supposed. Upon careful estimates of the actual dimensions of the Hebrew cubit, it is claimed that the Temple proper was not much more than 100 feet long, 35 feet wide and 52 feet high. Today one is inclined to ask where all the money went in the erection of a building of such prescribed dimensions. A modern temple costing six billion dollars could cover a space of ground much larger than that of St. Peter's at Rome and still leave a goodly sinking fund in hand to run it free of debt forever. Without doubt, the new Temple will have to be a spacious building, for the simple reason that orthodox Jewish worship is of the congregational type and no longer tolerates the ancient forms of sacrifice or rites in which the principal performers are an exclusive order of priests.

But Solomon's Temple was designed principally as the abiding place of Jehovah, as represented by the Ark. Consequently, although the inclosing Courts, Porches and priests' quarters covered a large area, the Temple consisted only of The Porch approached by a flight of steps, and leading to the Holy Place, or antechamber, which, in its turn, led into the Holy of Holies, or Shrine of the Ark. The sacred places were entered through large folding doors of cypress. The walls of both chambers were lined with boards of cedar from floor to ceiling. The Holy of Holies, or inner chamber, was separated from the Holy Place by a partition wall, in which was set a door of olive wood. In the center of the Holy of Holies, facing the entrance, stood two cherubim figures of olive wood with outstretched wings and covered with gold. Among the furnishings of the chambers was the altar of cedar, which was probably the Table of Shewbread and which stood in front of the entrance to the inner shrine. The candlesticks or lampstands were arranged on either side of the entrance. The Ark itself, that sacred memorial of early days, had been removed from the tent in which David had housed it and placed within the Holy of Holies, so as to be under the shadow of the cherubim wings. The Brazen Serpent found a place somewhere in the Temple not definitely known. In the court of the Temple was the Altar of Burnt Offerings, on the site of the earlier altar of David. Between the Altar and the entrance to the Temple was one of the most striking of the creations of Solomon's Phenician artist the Brazen Sea, a huge circular basin of bronze, with a capacity of 16,000 gallons, and resting upon the backs of twelve bronze oxen. There were also ten smaller lavers of bronze resting on wheeled carriers or bases.

The Temple of Solomon stood for three and a half centuries, and was then razed to the ground by the soldiers of Nebuchadnezzar, having first been stripped of everything of value that could be carried away. In the prospective rebuilding of the Temple, it is probable that all the old symbolic utensils and the structural features of the inner Temple will be faithfully copied. But ancient usages and many of the material forms of worship have passed away beyond til return. The real problem for the Jews will be the right disposal of the present Mosque of Omar, or Dome of the Rock. It is a magnificant shrine of Muhammadan worship, and doubtless will have to be transferred to another site.

All Over The World

It is to be hoped that the Aviation Congress which the Russians have made arrangements for the meeting of in Petrograd may not all be in their air. The object of the congress, to unify the aeroplane work on all the fronts, sounds like a hoax. As the Russians have voluntarily abolished two of these fronts, the work of the delegates ought to be considerably lightened. One half suspects that the congress is the result of some "secret treaty" entered into by the Russians before the debacle, and that the Bolsheviki have taken this method of publicity to denounce it. Otherwise it is difficult to see how the delegates are going to reach the congress, unless through the very suitable, but still somewhat uncertain, medium of the air. Perhaps the congress building itself is an air-castle.

Lovers of Robert Louis Stevenson or of H. de Vere Stacpoole should find fascinating reading in the "ripping" story which comes from San Francisco. It is, of course, all about a treasure ship and millions in gold, twenty and ten-dollar gold pieces, to be specific. There is, too, a hearty, cheery "old dog" of a skipper, with the spirit of adventure still within him. Well, to make a long story short, the full-rigged treasure ship Golden Gate sailed from San Francisco one fine day, and took fire in the Pacific, off the Panama Canal. The skipper and his crew succeeded in carrying the gold ashore, not without meeting hostility from Mexicans. Finally, the gold was carried inland and buried at a spot known only to the "old sea dog" and his brother. What became of the rest of the crew is left to conjecture, but, for the benefit of any would-be Captain Kidd, the gold is "easy to find." It lies only a short distance east of Balboa!

Mr. Martin Harvey, as the Fat Boy, seems too incongruous to be credible. But there the story is in the January Dickensian, told by Mr. J. W. T. Ley, on Martin Harvey's own authority. It was in this way. About 1883, Irving revived one of his early successes as Jingle in an adaptation from Pickwick, and Martin Harvey, the future Sidney Carton, then a youth, was given the double part of Sam Weller and the Fat Boy. Martin Harvey has never suffered from adiposity, but with pads he easily supplied what was lacking in his appearance as a really fat boy—all but his face, and to overcome that difficulty he took the advice of an old stage hand who told him to get two figs, skin them, and place them one inside each cheek. This proved even more successful than had been anticipated.

It will be remembered that, when Mr. Tupman turned round and faced the Fat Boy at that embarrassing moment in the Dingley Dell bower, he was unable to detect the ghost of a smile on the Fat Boy's face, not a gleam of anything, in fact, but feeding was perceptible on his whole visage. Now gustatory enjoyment, or the anticipation of it, produced on the Fat Boy the same effect as does the holding up of a piece of sugar before a dog's nose, and it was this effect which the two figs enabled Martin Harvey to produce so inimitable that, when Irving asked him what there was for dinner, his reply and appearance were so ludicrous that Irving positively laughed. It is a lasting recollection with Mr. Martin Harvey, adds Mr. Ley in The Dickensian, that he once made his great master laugh on the stage.

TYPEWRITER RIBBONS at $11.00 per dozen or by investing in our Coupon

CARBON PAPERS from $1.00 per box of 100 sheets and upwards

TYPEWRITER SUPPLIES

HIRSBRUNNER & CO.

"THE SWISS HOUSE"

Nanking Road Telephone 218

FURNITURE FOR THE DINING ROOM.

SEE OUR STOCK OF SUITES IN OAK & MAHOGANY

ARTS & CRAFTS, LTD.

THE FURNISHING SPECIALISTS

43 Bubbling Well Rd. 'Phone West 455-456.

Sal Hepatica

Effervescent Saline Combination

A Safe Hepatic Stimulant and True Laxative

ITS daily use removes that lazy, sluggish feeling safely and effectively.

To sensibly aid digestion—to harmlessly overcome constipation, make the use of this mild effervescing saline laxative a daily habit.

It is Pleasant to Take—It is Effective.

Seven Reasons why every housewife should use

Del Monte

Canned Fruits and Vegetables

GUARANTEE

We guarantee positively that in the preparation of our products, no adulterant of any kind is used.

PURITY

In syrups for our table fruits we use the best dry granulated sugar without glucose, saccharine, or any other substitute. Our goods comply with the provisions of the National Food and Drugs Act, Serial Number 6623.

FLAVOR

Our fruits are filled into the cans when in their fresh condition before cooking. They are then sealed up and processed, so that the natural flavor is retained. Being packed where grown, our products are really *fresher than the fresh* fruits and vegetables ordinarily bought on the market and brought to the housekeeper two and more days old.

CLEANLINESS

Our factories are kept in a thoroughly clean and sanitary condition. We insist upon neatness in all departments, and our goods are packed under the most favorable conditions, both as regards cleanliness and intelligent supervision.

WHOLESOMENESS

In the cooking process, our canned products are necessarily sterilised, and keep in any climate. Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, "The Westfield Board," and other food experts give these products highest rating of quality.

ECONOMY

Our products are not only nutritious, wholesome and delicious, but more economical than similar products put up at home.

CONVENIENCE

Ready for an emergency—all these products are practically ready to serve—the canned vegetables may be used cold in salads or warmed and seasoned to suit the taste.

CONNELL BROS. COMPANY

AGENTS

For Sale at all Dealers

Dr. John Goddard Optician

Refracting and Manufacturing

Toric Lenses

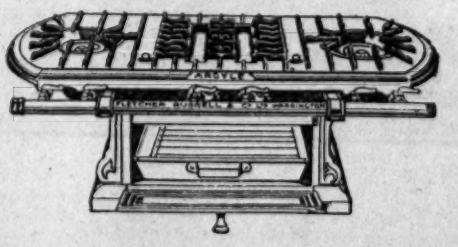
Invisible Bifocals

Sun Glasses in Various Shades

W. T. Findley M. D.

36, Nanking Road

GAS GRILLER



No Kitchen is Complete without a Griller.
It Will Boil Anything Required.
It Will Grill Chops and Steaks.
It Will Toast Quickly.
On Loan—No Hire.

SHANGHAI GAS Co., LTD.

Offices: 5 Thibet Road.
Showroom; 29 Nanking Road.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWS

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, March 15, 1918.

Money and Bullion

	Tls.
Gold Dollars Bank's buying rate @ 105½ =	Tls. 95.01
@ 72.6 = Mex.	$130.37
Mex. Dollars Market rate:	Tls. 72.375
Dragon Dollars: native bank rate	
Shai Gold Mars: 978 touch	Tls. 270
Bar Silver	368
Copper Cash ..... per tael	1519
Sovereigns:	
Buying rate @ 4/3½d. =	Tls. 4.66
exch. @ 72.6 = Mex.	$6.42
Peking Bar	—
Native Interest	.02

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver	43d.
Bank Rate of Discount	5%
Market rate of discount:—	
3 m-s.	%
4 m-s.	%
6 m s.	%
Exchange on Shanghai, 60 d-s.	
Ex. Paris on London	Fr. 27.25
Ex. N. Y. on London	T.T. $476½
Consols	£ —

Exchange Closing Quotations

London	T.T.	4/3½
London	Demand	4/3½
India	nominal T.T.	298
Paris	T.T.	586
Paris	Demand	587
New York	T.T.	102½
New York	Demand	102½
Hongkong	T.T.	69½
Japan	T.T.	50½
Batavia	T.T.	227½

Banks Buying Rates

London	4 m/s. Cdts.	4/5½d.
London	4 m/s. Docy.	4/5½d.
London	6 m/s. Cdts.	4/6d.
London	6 m/s. Docy	4/6½d.
Paris	4 m/s.	614
New York	4 m/s	106½

Customs House Exchange Rates For March

Hk. Tls. 4.25 @ 4/2½			£1
" 1 @ 575½ =	Francs	6.41	
" 0.89 @ 100½	Gold	$1	
" 1 @ 51½	Yen	2.17	
" 1 @ 15	Rupees	3.53	
" 1 @ —	Roubles	—	
" 1 @ 1.50	Mex.	$1.50	

Stock Exchange Transactions

Shanghai, March 15, 1918.

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS

Official

Langkats Tls. 14.75
Shanghai Docks Tls. 94.00
Ewo Cotton (ord.) Tls. 174.00
Kungyik Cotton Tls. 15.75
Oriental Cotton Tls. 43.50
Shanghai Cotton Tls. 137.00
Yangtszepoo Cotton Tls. 8.80
Anglo Javas Tls. 8.50

Unofficial

New Engineering Tls. 13.00
Yangtszepoo Cotton (ord.) Tls. 8.75

Sharebrokers' Association Transactions

Shanghai, March 15, 1918.

BUSINESS DONE

Official

Ziangbes @ Tls. 4.50 cash

Unofficial

Chengs @ Tls. 2.00 cash
Langkats @ Tls. 14.50 cash

China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

We issue Policies in Sterling
Take advantage of the Exchange.

Telephone to us, Central 2601, or write to the Head Office,
10 Canton Road,
Shanghai.

"BICKERTON'S"
PRIVATE HOTEL
73, 74 and 75 Bubbling Well Road. Seven minutes from Bund by trams. Strictly first-class cuisine under the personal supervision of the proprietress. Separate baths, hot and cold water, electric light. Tel. W. 1271.

British-America Assurance Co.
Telephone No. 98
The undersigned, as agents for the above company, are prepared to grant policies against Fire on Foreign and Native Risk at Current Rates.
FRAZAR & CO.

Rubber Prices

Messrs. R. N. Truman and Co. are in receipt of a telegraphic report from their Singapore Agents in connection with the last weekly rubber auctions held on March 13, as follows:—

Market opened.

No. 1 Smoked Sheet $84 per picul equivalent to 1s. 9d. in London.

No. 1 Crepe $95 per picul equivalent to 1s. 11¾d. in London.

Later on suddenly became more active, plantation, sheets smoked touched 90 1/10¼ plantation, Crepe first latex 97 2/0¼ market closed plantation, sheets smoked 88 1/9¾ plantation, Crepe first latex at best price. Offered 945 tons sold 743 tons.

Messrs. Meyer and Measor report as follows regarding rubber prices:—

"The Rubber Auction at Singapore this week showed prices of $77 to $90 per picul for Pale Crepe and $90 to $83 for smoked Sheet, the tendency of the market being firm for prompt."

COMMERCIAL CABLES

Reuter's Service

London, March 12.—Today's rates prices and deliveries were:—

Consols 2½% for account	£53⅞
Cheques on London at Paris	Fr. 27.24
T.T. on London at New York	G.$4.76½
Bar Silver (Spot)	43d.
Bank of England Rate of Discount	5%
Market rate of Discount	3-9/16%
Cotton: Egyptian Fully Good Fair Sakellaridis	30.19d.
Cotton; M. G. Fine Scinde and Bengal	17.82d.
Cotton; Goodmiddling Americans	24.08d.
Plantation Rubber March	2s. 5¼d. Paid.
Deliveries China Silk	29 Bales
Deliveries Canton Silk	8 Bales
Deliveries Japan Silk	97 Bales

Tone of Tea Market. Nothing doing.

U. K. METAL MARKET

Reuter's Service

London, March 12.—Today's metal prices were:—

	£	s.	d.
Standard Copper G. M. B. f.o.b. (Nominal)	110	5	0
American Electrolytic 99 90% Copper f.o.b.	125	0	0
Lead L. B. c.i.f. per ton	Nominal		
Soft Lead "Spanish" f.o.b. (nett)	29	0	0
Quicksilver, Second hand Ex Warehouse f.o.b. (1/-Extra in flask)	20	10	0
	Nominal		
Muntz Metal, f.o.b. London or Liverpool (less ½%)	Nominal		
Standard Tin (Cash)	322	0	0
Spelter (ordy soft) f.o.b.	52	0	0
Galvanised Sheets 24 Gauge f.o.b.	26	5	0
Standard Tin (3 Months)	320	0	0

British War Bond Sale Big Success

Chancellor Bonar Law Announces Week's Total Subscriptions at £131,000,000

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, March 13.—In the House of Commons today Mr. A. Bonar Law, Chancellor of the Exchequer, announced that as the result of the special campaign last week nearly £128,000,000 of War Bonds were sold. In addition nearly £3,000,000 were sold by the Post Office, while War Savings Certificates realised over £8,000,000. This was a very satisfactory result.

War Bonds had realised £570,000,000 during the last five months. This was a big contribution and indicated the lasting determination of the country to continue the sustained effort necessary for success.

New British War Films

The new British Official War Films, showing a wide variety of activities in the great conflict, will have their first exhibition at the Olympic Theater this evening. Among the various scenes will those showing the work of the "Drifters" of the North Sea, the Portuguese expeditionary forces, the Chinese and African Labor Corps and numerous other interesting phases. The performance is under the patronage of Sir Everard Fraser and will begin at 9 p.m.

London Rubber Market

Reuter's Service

London, March 12.—Today's rubber prices were:—

Plantation First Latex Crepe:
Spot: 2s. 5¾d. Paid.
April to June: 2s. 6¼d. Paid.
Tendency of Market: Quiet.

Previous quotation, London, March 11:—
Spot: 2s. 5½d. Paid.
April to June: 2s. 6¼d. Paid.
Tendency of Market: Steady.

BAR SILVER

Reuter's Service

London, March 12.—Today's silver prices were:—

Bar Silver Spot: 43d. Smaller supplies Steady.

Previous quotation, London, March 11:
Bar Silver Spot: 42¾d. Steady.

AMERICAN FOREIGN BANKING CORPORATION
56 Wall Street New York
Paid in Capital and Reserves $3,400,000

Organized pursuant to an amendment to the Federal Reserve Act authorizing national banks to own stock in a Bank organized to engage in Foreign and International Banking.

OFFICERS

Archibald Kains, President
Hayden B. Harris, Vice-President
T. Fred Aspden, Vice-President
Charles A. Mackenzie, Secretary and Treasurer

BOARD OF DIRECTORS
Chairman, Albert H. Wiggin

Chairman, Board of Directors Chase National Bank, New York.
T. Fred Aspden, Vice-President.
Gerhard H. Dahl, Vice-President, Chase National Bank, New York.
Norman H. Davis, President, Trust Company of Cuba, Havana.
C. H. Ellson, General Manager, The Standard Bank of Canada, Toronto.
Charles L. Farrell, President, National Newark and Essex Banking Company, Newark.
Ernest A. Hamill, President, Corn Exchange National Bank, Chicago.
Hayden B. Harris, Vice-President.
Charles A. Hinsch, President, Fifth-Third National Bank, Cincinnati.
W. R. Irby, President, Canal Bank and Trust Co., New Orleans.
C. T. Jaffray, President, First and Security National Bank, Minneapolis.
Archibald Kains, President.
John G. Lonsdale, President National Bank of Commerce, St. Louis.
Alfred L. Ripley, President, Merchants National Bank, Boston.
Levi L. Rue, President, Philadelphia National Bank, Philadelphia.
John Sherwin, President, First National Bank, Cleveland.
Eugene V. R. Thayer, President, Chase National Bank, New York.
Fred Vogel, Jr., President, First National Bank, Milwaukee.
Henry B. Wilcox, Vice-President, Merchants Mechanics First National Bank, Baltimore.

Every description of international banking business transacted.
Acceptances given against shipments of merchandise.
Bills of exchange negotiated and collected.
Drafts and letters of credit issued.
Interest allowed on balances.
Imports and exports financed.

We invite correspondence in regard to commercial banking transactions anywhere in North America

YOUR INSURANCE
FIRE, LIFE, MARINE, MOTOR CAR
at lowest current rates

Yangtsze	Fire
Equitable	Fire
South British	Marine
New York Life	Life
Railway Passengers	Motor Car

(Accident, Fire, Third Party, Theft)

Andersen, Meyer & Co., Ltd.
6 Yuen Ming Yuen Rd. Tel. 778

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

STOCK	Quotations Closing
Banks	
H. K. and S. B.	$585
Chartered	£71
Russo-Asiatic	R. 250
Marine Insurances	
Canton	Tls. 320 B.
North China	Tls. 120 B.
Union of Canton	Tls. 730 B.
Yangtsze	Tls. 210 B.
Far Eastern Ins. Co Ltd.	Tls. 20½ B.
Fire Insurances	
China Fire	$133 B.
Hongkong Fire	Tls. 335 Sa.
Shipping	
Indo-China Pref.	Tls. 108
Indo-China Def.	
"Shell"	117s. 6d.
Shanghai Tug (o)	Tls. 21½
Shanghai Tug (f)	Tls. 40 B.
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 9¼ B.
Oriental Cons.	27s. 6d.
Philippine	Tls. 0.80
Raub	Tls. 3 B.
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	Tls. 130½ B.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 94 Sa.
New Eng. Works	Tls. 15 Sa.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 71 B.
Hongkong Wharf	Tls. 83 B.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo French Land	Tes. 73
China Land	Tls. 50
Shanghai Land	Tls. 66 B.
Weihaiwei Land	Tls. 3
Shanghai Hotels Ltd.	Tls. 9¼ B.
China Realty (ord)	Tls. 50
China Realty (pref.)	Tls. 50
Cottons Mills	
Ewo	Tls. 174 Sa.
Ewo Pref.	Tls. 97½
International	Tls. 100 B.
International (pref.)	Tls. 62½
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 74 B.
Oriental	Tls. 43½ Sa.
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 137 B.
Kung Yik	Tls. 15¾ Sa.
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 8.70 Sa.
Yangtszepoo Pref.	Tls. 95
Industrials	
Butler Tile	Tls. 23
China Sugar	Tls. 80 Sa.
Green Island	Tls. 7.90 Sa.
Langkats	Tls. 14¾ Sa.
Major Bros.	Tls. 5
Shanghai Sumatra	Tls. 70
Stores	
Hall and Holtz	Tls. 15¾ B.
Llewellyn	$30
Lane, Crawford	$100
Moutrie	$35
Watson	Tls. 5½
Weeks	Tls. 13½
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 9¼
Amherst	Tls. 1
Anglo-Java	Tls. 8½ Sa.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 4
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 26
Batu Anam 1913	Tls. 0.90
Bukit Teh Alang	Tls. 3.40 S.
Bute	Tls. 1 B.
Chemor United	Tls. 1.12½
Chempedak	Tls. 9
Cheng	Tls. 2.10
Consolidated	Tls. 2¼
Dominion	Tls. 9
Gula Kalumpeng	Tls. 6.80
Java Consolidated	Tls. 16½
Kamunting	Tls. 5¾
Kapala	Tls. 0.90
Kapayang	Tls. 27½
Karan	Tls. 12
Kota Bahroes	Tls. 7
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 16½
Padang	Tls. 12 B.
Pengkalan Durian	Tls. 8¼
Permata	Tls. 2¼ B.
Repah	Tls. 0.92½
Semagagas	Tls. 0.80 B.
Seekee	Tls. 6
Semambu	Tls. 1 B.
Senawang	Tls. 12
Shanghai Klebang	Tls. 0.80
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 7
S'hai Malay-pref.	Tls. 10.70
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 1¼ B.
Sungala	Tls. 1.55
Sungei Duri	Tls. 7 B.
Sua Manggis	Tls. 5 S.
S'hai Kalantan	Tel. 0.67½ B.
Shanghai Seremban	Tls. 0.50 B.
Taiping	Tls. 1¼
Tanah Merah	Tls. 1
Tebong	Tls. 16 B.
Tjobri	Tls. 2½
Ziangbe	Tls. 4½
Miscellaneous	
C. I. and E. Lumber	Tls. 140 B.
Culty Dairy	Tls. 7
S'hai Elec. and Asb.	$2
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 66½ B.
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 23 B.
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 33
Shanghai Mercury	Tls. 30
S'hai Telephone	Tls. 78 B.
S'hai Waterworks	Tls. 190 S.

S., Sellers. Sa, Sales. B. Buyers

Telephone No. 398

Benjamin & Potts, 8 Jinkee Road

Passengers Arrived

Per C.N. s.s. Hsin Peking from Ningpo:—Mr. Emmett.

Per C.M. s.s. Haean from Foochow:—Mrs. Schlodoliger, Mrs. Thern and infant, Mr. F. Gamnoell, Missess, Thomas, and Imethers.

Per N.S. s.s. Hsin Ningshao from Ningpo:—Mr. N. P. Vanhen Berg, Mr. T. O. Asesly, and Mr. Peacock.

Per C.N. s.s. Poyang from Hankow:—Mr. Pockin, Mr. Buckhaide, Mr. L. Mussay, Mrs. Johnson and 3 children.

AMUSEMENTS

LYCEUM THEATRE
T. DANIEL FRAWLEY presents
The Frawley Company
Tonight March 16th
David Belasco's successful play
"TIGER ROSE"
Now running in New York
MATINEE at popular prices
Today March 16th, at 3 p.m.
"The Boomerang"
LAST WEEK! LAST WEEK!!
By Special Request
Monday 18th
"IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE"
Tuesday 19th
"THE BOOMERANG"
Wednesday 20th
KICK IN
Thu. 21st & Fri. 22nd
Seven Keys To Baldpate
A mystery Farce
By George M. Cohan
Matinee Sat. March 23rd at 3 p.m.
"Seven Keys To Baldpate"
Farewell Performance
Sat. March 23rd
"THE HOUSE OF GLASS"
Plans at Moutrie & Co. and from 5.30 p.m. till 8 p.m. at the Astor House Hotel.
COMMENCE 9.15 P.M.

NOTICE
The MANAGEMENT of
The International Cabaret
and
DANCE HALL
1 Jukong Road
have secured the services
of
MR. LOUIS T. SLICKER
POPULAR
"Entertainer and Comedian"
Commencing Tonight
16th of March, 1918
17158

Olympic Theatre
MARCH 17
Sunday Afternoon 3.15
FIRST HISTORICAL CONCERT
BY
the famous artists
MIROVITCH-PIASTRO
Booking at Moutrie's
Prices: $3.00, $2.00 & $1.00
Plans for the Series of Eight Concerts also open.
Direction: Mr. A. Strok.

SHOWING
AT THE
OLYMPIC THEATRE
On 17th and 18th
EPISODES 7th, 8th & 9th
OF THE THRILLING STORY
"THE
STRANGE CASE
OF
MARY PAGE"
SIX PARTS
Sunday, Matinee Concert
BY
MIROVITCH & PIASTRO

APOLLO THEATRE
Programme for March 16th and 17th
A great Three Part Drama
"WHICH?"
A story of keen interest, played by great artistes, featured in fine scenery. In Three Parts.
"PEAR GROWING" (Oregon)
An industrial series,
PATHE'S BRITISH AND AMERICAN GAZETTES
THE
"BAIRNSFATHER CARTOONS"
Sketched under your very eyes
Capt. Bruce BAIRNSFATHER — "The man who has made Tommy Atkins Laugh"
Come and see your old favorite
"Old Bill" in "Better 'Ole," "S.O.S." "One of the souvenirs," "No Possible Doubt"
DON'T MISS THIS SERIES
MATINEE, TODAY, Saturday, 4 p.m.
"JUDEX"
5th and 6th Episodes
MATINEE, Sunday, 3 p.m.
"THE SEVEN PEARLS"
7th and 8th Episodes.

JACK ROBERTSON
Tonight March 16th, 1918
at 10 p.m.
GRAND OPENING NIGHT
of
The "Eldorado"
High - Class Vaudeville
and
DANCE - HALL
Latest Music
and
Up - to - date Artistes
3 Jukong Road

NEW BRITISH OFFICIAL WAR FILMS
under the patronage of
Sir Everard Fraser, K.C.M.G.,
OLYMPIC THEATRE
Tonight, 16th March, at Nine O'clock
SHOWING
The Story of the Drifters
The Women's Land Army
Portuguese Expeditionary Forces
Repairing the Ravages of War
The Chinese Labour Corps at the Front
The South African Native Labour at the Front
and Numerous Topical Gazettes, etc.
Booking now open at Moutrie's
Usual Prices
17056

VICTORIA THEATRE
TONIGHT
And on the 17th and 18th
AND
MATINEE
TODAY at 4 p.m.
THE BEAUTIFUL
PARAMOUNT PICTURE
"THE VICTORY
OF
CONSCIENCE"
FIVE PARTS
MATINEE on SUNDAY
SHOWING
THE 4th, 5th & 6th EPISODES
of the
"Strange Case of Mary Page"

ISIS THEATRE
(Helen Picture Palace)
Corner of Jukong and North Szechuen Roads
(N.B. Please do not confound our respectable Theater with any DANCING HALLS now sprung up in the same street.)
TONIGHT TONIGHT
The Famous Jim Corbett
In the Successful and Thrilling Story in 5 Parts
"THE BURGLAR AND THE LADY"
Featuring the Ex-Heavyweight Champion of the World
JIM CORBETT
As the Gentleman Burglar, who enters the house to steal the Jewels but steals a Heart instead
ONLY A CHAMPION COULD FILL SUCH A ROLE
In Deeds of Strength and Daring, as the Coolest, Most Ingenious, Most Lovable Burglar who Ever Cracked a Crib
"SCREAMING COMEDIES"
"THE VOICE ON THE WIRE"
Episodes 7th and 8th
From Monday, 18th March

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital	£1,200,000
Reserve Fund	1,900,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	1,200,000

Head Office:
38 BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Henry S. Cunningham, K.C.I.E.
W. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminster Bank, Limited.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar	Ilollo	Puket
Bangkok	Ipoh	Rangoon
Batavia	Karachi	Saigon
Bombay	Klang	Seremban
Calcutta	Kobe	Singapore
Canton	Kuala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Cebu	Madras	Sourabaya
Colombo	Malacca	Taiping
Delhi	Manila	(F. M. S.)
Foochow	Medan	Tavoy (Lower
Haiphong	New York	Burma)
Hankow	Peking	Tientsin
Hongkong	Penang	Yokohama

Shanghai Branch, 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought. Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

L. R. BREMNER.
Manager.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Capital	Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserves	Frs. 48,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bangkok	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mongtze	Singapore
Haiphong	Nouméa	Tientsin
Kiatchéou	Peking	Tourane
Kouang	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Pari et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Societe Generale.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities, and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN,
Manager.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
Societe Anonyme
Paid-up Capital ..... Frs. 30,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS.
London office: 2 Bishopsgate
Branches at Peking, Tientsin, Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt,) and Rotterdam

President:
JEAN JADOT
Governor Societe Generale de Belgique.

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque de l'Union Parisienne, Societe Annoyme.
Lyons and Marseilles: Comptoir National d'Escompte d'Paris.
New York: National City Bank of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts Taels and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS,
Manager for China.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital	$15,000,000
Reserve Funds:—	
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2s.	$15,000,000
Silver	19,500,000
	$34,500,000
Reserve liability of Proprietors	$15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG

Court of Directors:
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak, Chairman
G. T. M. Edkins Esq. Deputy Chairman.
F. C. Butcher, Esq.
A. H. Compton, Esq.
S. H. Dodwell Esq.
C. S. Gubbay, Esq.
Hon. Mr. D. Landale.
E. V. D. Parr, Esq.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.
Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. STABB.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Peking
Bangkok	Johore	Penang
Batavia	Kobe	Rangoon
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	Saigon
Calcutta	London	S. Francisco
Canton	Lyons	Shanghai
Colombo	Malacca	Singapore
Foochow	Manila	Sourabaya
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Harbin	New York	Tsingtao
Ilollo		Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN.
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid)	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
	Kpg. Tls.
Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government	3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head Office: PETROGRAD.
Paris Office: 9, Rue Boudreau.
London Office: 64, Old Broad St., E.C.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development de Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Lyons: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce et de l'Iudustrie en France.

Far Eastern Branches and Agencies

Bombay	Harbin	Peking
Chanchun	Hongkong	Shanghai
Chefoo	Newchwang	Tientsin
Dairen	Nicolayowsk	Vladivostock
Hailan	O/Amur	Yokohama
Hankow		

81 Branches and Agencies in Russia. Siberia and Mongolia

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Account and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars and Roubles. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZIERSKI,
G. CARRERE,
Managers for China, Japan and India.

The Bank of Canton, Limited

Incorporated 1912.

Authorised Capital	H.$2,000,000
Subscribed and paid up Capital	H.$1,382,950.00
Reserve Fund	H.$ 240,000.00
Investment reserve fund	H.$ 40,000

Head Office:
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

Shanghai Office:
No. 2 Ningpo Road.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG,
Act. Manager.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital	$60,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital	12,279,800.00
Reserve Fund	$1,298,552.60
Special Reserve Fund	$1,898,933.68

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.

Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Tientsin	Kaifeng	Hankow
Changchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dalny	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hsuchow	Canton
Tsinan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtau	Yangchow	Chungking

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
3 HANKOW ROAD.

Loans granted on approved securities. Local bills discounted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum, on Dollar Current Accounts at 1 per cent. per annum, and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:
For 3 months at the rate of 3 per cent per annum.
For 6 months at the rate of 4 per cent per annum.
For 12 months at the rate of 5 per cent per annum.

SUNG HAN CHANG,
Manager.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital ..... Francs 45,000,000
One-third of the Capital, i. e. Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President Andre Berthelot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

HEAD OFFICE
74, RUE ST. LAZARE, PARIS.
Branches in Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Saigon and Hongkong
BANKERS:
In France: Societe Generale pour le Development du Commerce et du l'Industrie en France.
In London; London, County and Westminister Bank, Ltd.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Gold or Local currency and Fixed Deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Savings accounts in Gold and Local currency.

G. LION,
Manager.

1, French Bund, Shanghai.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN.

Capital Subscribed	...Yen 48,000,000
Capital Paid-up	„ 36,000,000
Reserve Fund	„ 23,100,000

London Bankers:
Union of London & Smith's Bank, The London Joint Stock Bank, Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies

Bombay	London	Rangoon
Calcutta	Los Angeles	S. Francisco
Changchun	Lyons	Shanghai
Dalny	Manila	Seattle
Hankow	Mukden	Singapore
Harbin	Nagasaki	Sydney
Hongkong	Newchwang	Tientsin
Honolulu	New York	Tokio
Kaiyuen	Osaka	Tsinanfu
Kobe	Peking	Tsingtau

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa and China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America, and every description of Banking and exchange business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

The Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank, Ltd.

9, Ningpo Road.

Paid-Up Capital	$ 300,000.00
Reserve	$ 10,000.00
Deposits (June, 30, 1917)	$1,590,000.00

Correspondents at principal cities in China, and domestic exchange a speciality.

Credits granted on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Current accounts in both taels and dollars with interest, may be opened on application.

Particulars of interest allowed on fixed deposits, in both taels and dollars, will be furnished on request.

K. P. CHEN,
General Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Capital & Surplus	U.S. $6,500,000.00
Undivided Profits	U.S. $1,348,000.00
	U.S. $7,848,000.00

Head Office:
55 Wall Street, New York
National City Bank Building.

London Office:
36 Bishopsgate, E. C.

Branches:

Batavia	Kobe	San Francico
Bombay	London	Santo Domingo
Calcutta	Manila	Santiago de los
Canton	Medellin	Caballeros
Cebu	Panama	Shanghai
Colon	Peking	Singapore
(Cristobal C.Z.)		Tientsin
Hankow	San Pedro de	Yokohama
Hongkong	Macoris	

Through its close affiliation with the NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK, the Corporation is able to offer the special services of the Branches of that Institution established at:—

Bahia	Petrograd
Buenos Aires	Rio de Janeiro
Caracas,	Santiago de Cuba
Genoa	Santos
Habana	San Paulo
Moscow, Russia	Valparaiso
Montevideo	

The Corporation issues Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit and Travellers' Cheques, receives money on CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNT and FIXED DEPOSIT on terms which may be ascertained on application, and transacts all other descriptions of Banking and Exchange business.

H. C. GULLAND.
Manager.
1a Kiukiang Road, Shanghai.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)

Established 1824.

Paid-up-Capital—
Guilders 60,000,000 (about £5,000,000)
Reserve Fund—
Guilders 11,595,461, (about £966,288)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Padang	Soerakarta
Bandoeng	Palembang	Tebing-Tinggi
Cheribon	Pekalongan	Tegal
Djember	Penang	Telok-Betong
Djokjakarta	Pontianak	Tjilatjap
Hongkong	Rangoon	Weltevreden
Kota-Radja	Semarang	
Langsa	Singapore	
Makassar	Soerabaya	
Medan		

London Bankers:
Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

Current accounts kept in taels and dollars.

SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG.
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered, Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital	Sh. Tls. 5,000,000
Paid-up Capital	Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.
On Deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. C. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd

Authorised Capital	£1,500,000
Subscribed Capital	1,125,000
Paid-up Capital	562,500
Reserve Fund	600,000

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:
Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Handy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis
Delhi	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius)
Galle	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
	Singapore	

Shanghai Branch.

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2% per annum and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

R. D. YOUNG,
Manager.

7 Nanking Road.

9753

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidential Mandates of April 7th, 1914, and October 31st, 1915.

Paid-Up
Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
50 Branches and Agencies at principal commercial places in China.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
35 Szechuen Road.

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted o approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

H. TAO, Manager.
Y. M. CHIEN, Sub-Manager.

SUMITOMO BANK, LIMITED

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
No. 1 Kiukiang Road

Capital	Yen	30,000,000
Capital (Paid-Up)	Yen	18,750,000
Reserve	Yen	2,860,000
Deposits	Yen	150,000,000

President, Baron K. Sumitomo

Head Office: OSAKA.

Branches:
Tokyo, Yokohama, Nagoya, Kyoto, Osaka, Kobe, Hyogo, Onomichi, Kure, Nihama, Hiroshima, Yana, Shimonoseki, Moji, Wakamatsu, Kukuoka, Kurume, Honolulu, San Francisco, Bombay and Hankow.

London Banker:
LLOYDS BANK, LIMITED
New York Banker:
NATIONAL CITY BANK OF N. Y.

Banking Business in General Foreign Exchange Business, Travellers' and Commercial Letters of Credit, Correspondents throughout the World.

S. KASHARA,
Manager.

Telephones:—
2318 Manager. 4663 Compradore.
2350 Gen. Office. 4621 Nights only.
3536 General Office.

中華銀行 Chung Foo Union Bank

Statutes approved by the Government in 1916
Head office: Tientsin

Capital	$2,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital	$1,000,000.00

Managing Director: SUN TAO SAN

Branches and Agencies:

Tientsin	Chinkiang
Shanghai	Soochow
Peking	Wusieh
Hankow	Hangchow
Nanking	Ninpgo
Yangchow	Shaohsing
Hsuchow	Canton
Pengpu	Hongkong
Tsingkianpu	

Shanghai Branch
441, Ningpo Road

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. Sun, Manager.
W. D. ZAH, Sub-Manager.

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

SATURDAY, MARCH 16, 1918

Date and Destination	Per	Chi.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Reg.
Today							
Japan & America v. Nagasaki	Kasuga maru	..		..	..	D12.00	11.30
Japan		..	11.30	..			
Chefoo and Newchwang	Shengking	21.00	17.00	..	7.00	..	21.00
Swatow, Hongkong & Canton	Yingchow	21.00	..	..	16.30	17.00	21.00
Japan Ports	Kasuga maru	11.00	..	..		..	10.30
Europe via Japan & America	do	..	..	..	11.30	..	11.00
Swatow and Hongkong		..	17.00	..		..	
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Japan, Canada, U. S. & Europe	Fushimi maru	20.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
Japan, Canada, U.S. & Europe		10.30	..	..	..	..	10.00
N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama, Canada, U.S.A. & E'ope via Canada	*	..	A19.00	..	..	..	18.00
N'saki, Kobe, Yokohama, Canada, U.S.A. and Europe	V. Vancouver	..		B5.00		..	15.00
Tientsin		21.00	17.00	..	17.00	..	21.00
Japan & America via Nagasaki	Fushimi maru	..	..	..	..	F20.00	19.30
Peking and T'sin (Every day)	T'sin	21.00				..	17.00
T'sin (Daily except Sunday)		..	17.00				
Ningpo	Taishun	..	15.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow		..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Tomorrow							
Japan & America v. Nagasaki	Fushimi maru	..	..	..	..	E9.30	8.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Hongkong and Canton	Canada maru						
Monday, Mar. 18.							
Japan & America v. Nagasaki	Omi maru	..		..	..	F20.00	19.30
Hongkong		..	17.00	..			
Europe via Siberia	Via Pukow	..	..	..	18.00	..	17.30
Europe via Japan & America	Omi maru	..	..	..	18.00		17.30
Russia via Siberia	Via Pukow	21.00		..	..	..	20.30
Russia via Siberia (Express)	†Via Pukow	..	17.00	..	..	..	17.00
Hongkong and Canton	Suiyang	21.00	..	..	16.30	17.00	21.00
Japan Ports	Omi maru	18.00		..	..	..	17.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00		..	..	..	21.00
Japan		..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Tuesday, Mar. 19.							
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	Shuntien	14.00	13.30	..	..	..	13.30
Foochow	Keelung maru						
Wednesday, Mar. 20.							
Japan and U.S.A. via Moji	Kumano mart	..	..	..	..	F20.00	19.30
Europe via Siberia	Via Pukow	..	..	..	18.00	..	17.30
Europe via Japan & America	Kumano mart	..	..	..	18.00	..	17.30
Russia via Siberia	Via Pukow	21.00	..	..		..	20.30
Russia via Siberia (F. Train)	†Via Pukow	..	17.00	..	..	..	17.00
Amoy and Hongkong		..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Japan		..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Saturday, Mar. 23.							
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin		..	9.00	..	..	..	..

† This office with remain open until 6 p.m. on the 16th, inst in connections with this mail.
* Supplementary mails closed at 5 p.m. on same day.

A Parcel post 6 p.m.
B Postal money orders and parcel post until 3 p.m.
D Letters and boxes with declared value 11.30 a.m. Parcel post and money orders 11 a.m.
E Money letters and parcels 11 a.m.
F Letters and boxes with declared value 7.30 p.m. Parcel post 4 p.m. and money orders 3 p.m.

Until further notice, mails for Europe, via Pukow and Siberia, will be closed at the Chinese Post Office as follows: Monday and Wednesday at 9 p.m. Registered mails are closed half an hour earlier.

Mails for Hankow close every day at 11.30 a.m. and 9 p.m. Registration at 11.30 a.m. and 8.30 p.m. and for Peking and Tientsin every day at 9 p.m. Registration at 5 p.m. at the Russian Post Office.

Local Outports Mail

Permanent Notice

Destination.	Mails.
Shanghai-Nanking Train.	Close Daily. a.m. p.m.
Soochow, Wusih, Changchow, Tanyang, Chinkiang, Nanking, Hankow and North China.	7.00
Soochow, Wusih, Chinkiang, Nanking and all intermediate places	8.00 9.00
Soochow, Wusih, Changchow, Chinkiang, Nanking all River Ports	11.30
Soochow, Wusih and intermediate places	2.30
Soochow, Wusih, Changchow and intermediate places	4.30
Soochow, Wusih, Changchow, Chinkiang, Nanking and all River Ports North China	9.00
Shanghai-Hangchow Train.	
Sinchwang, (and Szeking), Sungkiang, Fengking, Kashan, Kashing, Wangtien, Siashih, (and Tunghianghsien), Changan, (also Shihmen and Shihmenwan), Linping, (and Tangsi), and Hangchow (also Huchow)	6.30 8.00
Sinchwang, Sungkiang, Fengking, Kashan, Kashing, (& Tangsi), Siashih, (and Tung-Huchow, Nanzin and hianghsien), Changan, (also Shihmen and Shihmenwan), Linping and Hangchow (also Shaohing and Siaoshan)	1.30
Sungkiang, Kashing, Hangchow and intermediate places	3.30
Ningpo via Hangchow Linghu	11.00
Minhang, Nankiao and Tukiahang,	8.00 11.00
Tatwan, Nanhwei, Fengsien and Sinchang	7.00 11.00
Courier Chowpu	6.30 11.00
Foot Boat. Chwansha	6.45 11.00
Cycle Rider Siccawei and Taipac	8.00 10.00
Kiangnan Arsenal	8.00 11.00
Sundays only	1.30
Woosung Train.	Close Daily.
Woosung (also Paoshan and Kiangwan)	5.50 7.00 10.10 11.45
Steamer.	Daily. Sundays expected
Ningpo, Chinhai, Tinghai and Wenchow	3.30
Steam Launch	Close Daily. a.m. p.m.
Tsungming, Paochen, Haimenting and Miaochen	7.00 11.00
Chuking and Pinghu	8.00

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

(formerly known as The Chekiang Shing Nih Chartered Bank, Ltd.)

Established 1907.

Paid-Up Capital	$1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund	$200,000.00

Head Office: Shanghai.
14, Peking Road.
(Telephone Nos. 2613 and 2614.)

Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout china.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits both in taels and dollars according to arrangement.

Interest allowed on Savings Account at 4% per annum.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Shen Chu Hsu, Manager.
Shu Chin Mih, Sub-Manager.
C. C. Yang, Sub-Manager.

MITSUI BANK, LTD

SHANGHAI BRANCH
3 Foochow Road

Capital (Paid-up)..... *Yen 20,000,000.*
Reserve..... *„ 12,550,000.*
Head Office: Tokyo, Japan.
President: Baron Takayasu Mitsui.

Branches:
Osaka, Nishi (Osaka), Kobe, Yokohama, Nagasaki, Moji, Fukuoka, Shimonoseki, Hiroshima, Kyoto, Nagoya, Fukagawa (Tokyo), Otaru.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Barclays Bank, Ltd. The London City and Midland Bank, Ltd.
New York: The National City Bank of New York. The Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

We transact a General Banking & Foreign Exchange Business

S. TAKEDA, Man-

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Mar 17	noon	Seattle etc.	Fushimi maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
" 25	"	Tacoma & Seattle	Africa maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
" 25	"	San Francisco	Siberia maru	Jap.	Alexander
" 30	"	San Francisco	Colombia	Am.	P.M.S.S.Co
" 31	11.00*	Seattle, etc.	Kashima maru	Jap.	N.Y.K

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Mar 16	1.00	Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe	Kasuga maru	Jap	N.Y.K
" 18	5.00*	Yokohama	Omi maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
" 19	"	Kobe	Kitano maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
" 21	"	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Kumano maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
" 23	"	Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe	Chikuzo maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
" 25	"	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Yawata maru	Jap.	N.Y.K

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

Liverpool etc.	Iyo maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
London etc.	Kitano maru	Jap	N.Y.K.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Mar 16	4.00	Ningpo	Taishun	Chi	C.M.S.N.Co.
" 17	"	Hongkong	Canada maru	Jap.	O.S.K
" 17	D.L.	Swatow & Hongkong	Yingchow	Br	B.&S.
" 18	4.00	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B.&S.
" 18	4.00	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S.Co
" 19	D.L.	Hongkong & Canton	Suiyang	Br.	B.&S.
" 19	"	Takao via F'chow & K'lung	Keelung maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
" 20	"	Hongkong direct	Tenyo maru	Jap	Alexander
" 21	D.L.	Amoy, Hongkong & Canton	Sinkiang	Br	B.&S.
" 22	"	Hongkong	Katori maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
" 31	"	Hongkong	China	Am	P.M.S.S.Co

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Mar 17	D.L.	Newchwang via Chefoo	Shengking	Br.	B.&S.
" 17	A.M.	Tientsin direct	Hsinming	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.
" 19	3.30	Dairy	Sakaki maru	Jap.	S.M.R
" 19	5.00	Weihaiwei, Chefoo & T'tsin	Shuntien	Br.	B.&S.
" 21	7.30*	Tsingtao and Dairy	Kobe maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
" 23	10.00*	Weihaiwei, Chefoo & T'tsin	Fengtien	Br	B.&S

FOR RIVER PORTS

Mar 16	M.N	Hankow etc.	Poyang	Br.	B.&S.
" 16	M.N.	do	Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.Co.
" 17	M.N.	do	Yohyang maru	Jap.	N.K.K
" 17	M.N	do	Kiangtoo	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.
" 18	M.N	do	Tachang maru	Jap.	N.K.K
" 18	M.N.	do	Luenho	Br.	J.M.&Co.
" 19	D.L	Wuhu	Wenchow	Br.	B.&S.
" 19	M.N.	Hankow etc.	Luenyi	Br.	B.&S.
" 19	M.N.	do	Suiwo	Br.	J.M.&Co.
" 20	M.N	do	Ngankin	Br.	B.&S.
" 22	M.N.	do	Tatung	Br.	B.&S.
" 23	M.N	do	Wuchang	Br.	B.&S

*A.M. M.N.—Midnight. D.L.—Daylight.

Arrivals

Date	From	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents	Berth
Mar 15	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	2868	Br.	B.&S.	CNCW
" 15	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	2151	Chi.	N.S.N.Co.	NSCW
" 15	Japan	Fuso maru		Jap.		
" 15	Hankow	Siangyang maru	2225	Jap.	N.K.K.	NYKW
" 15	Foochow	Hasan	1839	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co	KLYW
" 15	Hankow	Poyang	1892	Br.	B.&S.	CNW

Departures

Date	For	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents
Mar 15	Vladivostock via Nagasaki	Penza	2679	Rus.	R.V.F.
" 15	Hankow etc.	Loongwo	2868	Br.	J.M.&Co.
" 15	"	Chungking	1811	Br.	B.&S.
" 15	Tsingtao and Dairy	Kobe maru	2643	Jap.	S.M.R.
" 15	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	2868	Br.	B.&S.
" 15	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	2151	Chi.	N.S.N.Co.

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Poyang, Captain Carnaghan, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, March 16, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Str. Kiangfoo, Captain F. Johennsen, will leave on Sunday night. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. Yohyang Maru, Captain Y. Ikeda, will be despatched from Pootung N.K.K. wharf on Sunday, March 17, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nisshin Kisen Kaisha. No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. Tachang Maru, Captain H. Yamashita, will be despatched from pootung N.K.K. wharf on Monday, March 18, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nisshin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. Luenho, tons 2,868 Captain Jackson, will leave on Monday, March 18, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. Suiwo, tons 2,671 Captain Sellar, will leave on Tuesday, March 19, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Luenyi, Captain Frazier, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, March 19, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No 401.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Ngankin, Captain Newcomb, will leave on Wednesday, March 20, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire. Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Tatung, Captain C. C. Williams, will leave from the French Bund on Friday, March 22, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage, Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Wuchang, Captain Pickard, will leave on Saturday, March 23, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents. Freight Telephone No. 77.

For Southern Ports

HONGKONG.—The Str. Canada Maru, Captain Y. Yamamoto, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtsze-poo wharf on March 17, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4 The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

SWATOW and HONGKONG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Yingchow Capt. E. B. Simons, will leave from the French Bund on Sunday, March 17, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire. Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Hsin Peking, Capt. A. Scott, R.N.R. will leave from the French Bund on Monday, March 18, at 4 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Suiyang, Captain J. Gibbs will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Tuesday, March 19, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents. Freight Telephone No. 77, Passage Telephone No. 401.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via FOOCHOW and KEELUNG.—The Str. Keelung Maru, Capt. S. Imai, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtsze-poo wharf on March 19, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha. No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

AMOY, HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Sinkiang. Captain Wavell, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Thursday, March 21, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Northern Ports

TIENTSIN DIRECT.—The Str. Hsinming, Captain H. MacKenion, will leave on Sunday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

NEWCHWANG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Shengking, Captain McIntosh, will leave on Sunday, March 17, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passape Tel. No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Shuntien, Capt. Northcombe, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, March 19, at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 77, Passage Telephone No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Fengtien, Captain Harris, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, March 23, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 77, Passage Telephone No. 401.

TIENTSIN, DAIREN & TSINGTAO.—The Str. Kohoku Maru, Capt. S. Ohba, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtsze-poo wharf on April 4, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

For Foreign Ports

TACOMA and SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU, and YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer Africa Maru, Captain ——— will be despatched on March 25, Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

C. N. C.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

YANGTSZE RIVER & CHINA COAST PORTS.
FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

For CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG, and HANKOW.—S.S. Luenyi, Ngankin, Poyang, Tatung, Tungting, *Chungking and *Wuchang.—Sailing from the French Bund at midnight. These steamers connect with the Company's regular lines on the Upper Yangtsze and Hunan Lake.

*The s.s. Wuchang and Chungking are especially fitted to handle heavy lifts. Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday at midnight.

For HONGKONG and CANTON.—S.S. Yingchow, Sinkiang, Shantung, Sunning and Suiyang.—Sailing from the French Bund and connection at Hongkong with the Company's steamers for Hoihow, Pakhoi, Haiphong, Manila, Cebu, Iloilo, Zamboanga and Australian ports.

Sailing from the French Bund every Tuesday, Thursday, and Sunday.

For TIENTSIN and PEKING via WEIHAIWEI and CHEFOO.—S.S. Tungchow, Fengtien, Shuntien and Shengking.—Sailing from the French Bund. During the Winter months sailings are irregular owing to weather conditions.

For NINGPO:—S.S. Hsin Peking.—Sailings will be suspended by this vessel from the 4th inst. owing to overhaul. S.S. Hsin Peking will resume her run on Wednesday, 20th inst. at 4 p.m. as usual.

For further particulars regarding passage money, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE," obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car Express Train Co., or from Messrs. THOMAS COOK & SON, 15 The Bund.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents 21-23 French Bund.

Freight: Telephone No 77.
Passage: Telephone No. 401.

PACIFIC MAIL S.S.CO.

"SUNSHINE BELT"
Trans-Pacific Service
By the New, 14,000 Ton, Oil Burning Steamers
"ECUADOR" "VENEZUELA" "COLOMBIA"
AMERICAN REGISTRY
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI (Subject to Change)

For San Francisco via Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu		For Hongkong via Manila	
S.S. COLOMBIA	Mar. 30	S.S. VENEZUELA	Apl. 6
S.S. VENEZUELA	Apl. 27	S.S. ECUADOR	May 4

Steamers equipped with most modern improvements for the safety and comfort of passengers. One and two *Bed* staterooms only. No *Upper Berths*. Tickets interchangeable with Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd., and Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

East India Service
By the Modern, Oil Burning Steamers
"COLUSA"..16,000 tons "SANTA CRUZ"..15,000 tons
AMERICAN REGISTRY
SAILINGS FROM MANILA (Subject to Change)

For Colombo via Singapore and Calcutta		For San Francisco via Cebu and Honolulu	
S.S. SANTA CRUZ ...	Apl. 23	S.S. COLUSA	Apl. 8
		S.S. SANTA CRUZ ...	June 6

Safety and comfort of passengers our first consideration. For information re freightor passage apply to
PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY
1-B Nanking Road, Palace Hotel Building.
Telephone Central 5056 Cable Address "Solano"

O. S. K.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
(Osaka Mercantile S. S. Co.)
Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI
(Subject to Alteration)

AMERICAN LINE
For Tacoma and Seattle, Wash.
Via Pacific, calling at Nagasaki or Moji, Kobe, Yokkaichi, Shimidzu, Yokohama and Victoria, B. C. arr. leave.
"AFRICA MARU" ...(18,000 tons) Capt. H. Yamamoto, Mar. 24, Mar. 25

For Hongkong
"CANADA MARU"....(12,000 tons) Capt. Y. Yamamoto, Mar. 16, Mar. 17

CHINA COASTING LINE
For Tientsin, Dairen and Tsingtau
"KOHOKU MARU" ...(2,610 tons) Capt. S. Ohba, Mar. 22, Apr. 4
For Foochow, Keelung and Takao arr. leave.
"KEELUNG MARU" ..(1,569 tons) Capt. S. Imai, Mar. 17, Mar. 19

The Company also run numerous steamers from Japan to South America, Australia, India, China, Korea, Vladivostock, and also between the Principal Ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information, please apply to:—
M. YAMAUCHI, Manager.
OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
Union Building, 4 The Bund.
Tel. Address: SHOSEN, SHANGHAI. Tels. 4234, 4235.

Men-of-War In Port

Section	Date	From	Name	Flag and Rating	Tons	Guns	Man	Commands?
BVIII	"	Cruise	Chiyoda	Jap g-b.	..	..	..	
MMB	Apr. ..		D de Lagree	Fr g-b.	..	..	..	
CNWP	Oct. 26	Curise	Nightingale	Br. g-b.	85	"	..	
P&OBI	..	Curise	Villalobos	Am.g-b.	"	..	..	

CANADIAN PACIFIC
OCEAN SERVICES LIMITED
TRANS PACIFIC LINES

QUICKEST TIME ACROSS THE PACIFIC

Book Your Passage
to
JAPAN
Via an
"Empress" Steamer
for the
Summer Holidays

For further information regarding passenger fares, sailings, etc. apply to
G. M. JACKSON
General Agent, Passenger Department, 19-A The Bund, Palace Hotel Building.
Tel. Central 182.

For through bills of lading, quotation of freight rates, etc. apply to
L. E. N. RYAN, agent,
Corner Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads.
Tel. Central 181.

T. K. K.
SHANGHAI BRANCH OFFICE
TOYO KISEN KAISHA.
(ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.)
Imperial Japanese and U. S M. Line to San Francisco from Shanghai via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.

SEMI-TROPICAL ROUTE.
PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

SIBERIA MARU ..... 18,000 tons, for San Francisco, March 25, 1918
TENYO MARU ..... 22,000 tons, for San Francisco, April 12, 1918
SHINYO MARU ..... 22,000 tons, for San Francisco, April 30, 1918

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT
TENYO MARU ..... 22,000 tons, for Hongkong March 23, 1918

All the steamers of this Company are thoroughly modern and up-to-date. Equipped with Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals, Laundry Children's Nursery, Ladies' Lounge, and all other modern improvements for safety and comfort. String Orchestra, Moving Picture Performances, Deck Dances. Service and Cuisine unexcelled.

REDUCED FIRST CLASS RATES by the steamers Nippon Maru and Persia Maru offering superioraccommodation, first-class cuisine and service.

Lay-Over privileges allowed at all ports of call. Interchangeable with steamers of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, and Canadian Pacific Ocean Services Ltd.

Railway transportation between Nagasaki, Kobe, and Yokohama may be had on application to the purser.

T. N. ALEXANDER, *Manager.*
North China Insurance Co.'s Building
'Phone No. 3229. (Entrance, 71 Szechuen Road.)

CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.
FREIGHT AND PASSENGERS
S.S. CHINA
(AMERICAN REGISTRY)
WILL SAIL FROM SHANGHAI FOR
SAN FRANCISCO
VIA NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU
APR. 13, JUNE 24, SEP. 3

AN UNSURPASSED HIGH-CLASS PASSENGER SERVICE AT INTERMEDIATE RATE
REDUCED RATES TO MISSIONARIES

FOR HONGKONG
MAR. 31, JUNE 11, AUG. 22
(On the outward voyage the steamer will come up the river and will be berthed at the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Hongkew Wharf. Entrance at No. 34 Broadway.)
G. J. PETROCELLI, FRT. AND PASS. AGENT
NO. 6 KIUKIANG ROAD.
'PHONE 4773. 4TH FLOOR

"Sooner or later" is a smooth-ounding phrase, but the man who uses Want Ads knows that it pays to DO IT NOW

SHIPPING

N.Y.K.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(Japan Mail Steamship Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

(Subject to alteration)

EUROPEAN LINE

For London or Liverpool via ports.

*(For Liverpool.)

	Tons	
IYO MARU	12,500	———
KIATANO MARU	16,000	———

AMERICAN LINE

Via Pacific, calling at Hongkong, Manila, Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B.C., and Seattle, Wash.

FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	Capt. T. Irisawa,	Mar. 17
KASHIMA MARU	19,000	Capt. E. Tozowa,	March 31

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE. (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

KASUGA MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Yagiu,	March 16
OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. M. Machida,	March 19
CHIKUGO MARU	5,000	Capt. M. Yui,	March 23
CHIKUZEN MARU	5,000	Capt. H. Nojiri,	March 26
YAMASHIRO MARU ..	7,000	Capt. Y. Nakajima,	March 30

SHANGHAI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE (Via Moji.)

KUMANO MARU	9,500	Capt. S. Saito,	March 21
YAWATA MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Yagiu,	March 28

FOR JAPAN

KITANO MARU	16,000	Capt. F. E. Core,	March 19

KOBE TO SEATTLE

KAMO MARU	16,000	Capt. R. Shimidzu,	March 25

FOR HONGKONG

KATORI MARU	19,000	———	March 26
KASHIMA MARU	19,000	———	June 2

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

SUWA MARU	21,000	———	April 22
FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	———	May 20

AUSTRALIAN LINE

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila.)

TANGO MARU	14,000	———	Mar. 20
NIKKO MARU	10,000	———	April 17
AKI MARU	12,500	———	May 22

CALCUTTA LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage.)

BOMBAY LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage.)

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostock, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information, apply to

T. IBUKIYAMA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai.

SOUTH MANCHURIA RAILWAY

An important section in the Overland Route — Between the Far East and Europe

SAVE TIME AND MONEY.—The Quickest, Cheapest, and Safest Route between the Far East and Europe is via Manchuria and Siberia. The South Manchuria Railway Company's Express Trains are equal to the best in Europe and America, and are timed to connect with other Express Trains and Steamers in the London-Shanghai Route and the Tokyo-Peking Route. Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars are attached to several of the Ordinary Daily Trains.

HOW TO REACH EUROPE.—The "Dairen Maru" of the S. M. R. Co.'s Shanghai-Dairen Mail Steamship leaves Shanghai every Tuesday at noon direct for Dairen, and connects with the S.M.R. weekly Express. This steamer was specially built for the service, is turbine driven, equipped with wireless telegraphy, luxuriously fitted, and carries a doctor on board. (The "Kobe Maru" leaves Shanghai every Friday at noon, and calls at Tsingtao en route for Dairen). The Express, which leaves Dairen every Thursday, connects with the Trans-Siberian Express at Changchun, and passengers arrive at Petrograd nine days later, the whole journey from Hongkong to Petrograd occupying only 16 days.

IMPORTANT TO TRAVELLERS AND TOURISTS.—The S. M. R. Co. have established, under its direct management, a series of Yamato Hotels at Dairen (the finest hotel in the Far East), Hoshigaura, Port Arthur, Mukden, and Changchun, all on European lines. Cook's coupons accepted. Tel. Add.: "Yamato."

HEALTH AND HOLIDAY RESORTS IN SOUTH MANCHURIA.—South Manchuria's magnificent and bracing climate, beautiful scenery, great historic interest, old-world habits and customs, unsurpassed accommodation, and easy accessibility is fast popularizing it as the finest health and holiday resort in the Far East. Special seaside bungalow colonies have been established at Hoshigaura (Star Beach), near Dairen, under the management of the S. M. R. Co., and at Ogondai (Golden Beach), Port Arthur, under the management of the Port Arthur Civil Administration.

OF INTEREST TO SHIPPERS.—In addition to its Dairen-Tsingtao-Shanghai Mail Liners, the S. M. R. Co., runs a fleet of Cargo Steamers between Dairen and Hongkong, calling at ports en route. Other Steamship Services have regular services to and from Dairen. Particulars may be obtained from the S. M. R. Wharf Office, Dairen, and Branch Wharf Office, Shanghai.

TICKET AGENTS.—The S. M. R. Co's Railway and Steamer Tickets, Illustrated Guide Books, and Handbooks of Information may be obtained at all the Offices and Agencies of Messrs. Thos. Cook & Son; the International Sleeping Car and Express Trains Co.; the Nordisk Resenbureau; the Nippon Yusen Kaisha, Shanghai; the S. M. R. Branch Wharf Office, Shanghai; or direct from the

SOUTH MANCHURIA RAILWAY COMPANY.

DAIREN,

Tel. Add: "Mantetsu." Codes: A.B.C. 5th Ed., A1, and Lieber's.

Large Display Advertisements

intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press

should be sent in before **5 p.m. on Friday.**

Business and Official Notices

The Shanghai Hotels, Ltd.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTY-THIRD ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shanghai Hotels, Limited, will be held at the Astor House Hotel, Shanghai, on MONDAY, the 25th March, 1918, at 4.30 p.m., when the Report and Accounts for the 12 months ended 31st December, 1917, will be presented.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 18th March to the 25th March, 1918, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,
E. BURROWS,
Secretary.

Shanghai, 11th March, 1918.

17120

NOTICE

THE undersigned hereby give notice:—

That a Public Meeting of Ratepayers will be held in the Town Hall on Wednesday, March 27, 1918, at 2 o'clock p.m. precisely, to devise ways and means of raising the requisite funds for Municipal purposes, and to pass resolutions in reference thereto and to deliberate and decide upon other Municipal matters and business. At such meeting the accounts of the Council for the year ending December 31, 1917, will be submitted for the sanction and approval of the Ratepayers.

Shanghai, March 4, 1918.

D. SIFFERT,
Consul-General for Belgium.

T. RAASCHOU,
Consul-General for Denmark.

A. ARIYOSHI,
Consul-General for Japan.

E. D. H. FRASER,
H.B. Majesty's Consul-General.

V. GROSSE,
Consul-General for Russia.

J. E. HULTMAN,
Consul-General for Sweden.

THOMAS SAMMONS,
Consul-General for U.S. of America.

DE REUS,
Consul-General for The Netherlands.

G. DE ROSSI,
Consul-General for Italy.

JORGE R. DE OLIVEIRA,
Consul-General for Portugal.

JORGE R. DE OLIVEIRA,
Acting Consul-General for Cuba.

H. WILDEN,
Acting Consul-General for France.

T. KNUDTZON,
Acting Consul-General for Norway.

HUGO REISS,
Consul for Brazil.

JULIO PALENCIA,
Consul for Spain.

17032

Naamlooze Vennootschap Maatschappij Tot Mijn--Bosch--En Landbouwexploitatie in Langkat

NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Chamber of Commerce Rooms, 1 Yuenmingyuen Road, on Tuesday, the 26th March, 1918, at 4 p.m.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 19th to the 26th March, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,
GEORGE McBAIN,
General Agents.

Shanghai, 23rd February, 1918.

16943

Naamlooze Vennootschap Maatschappij Tot Mijn--Bosch--En Landbouwexploitatie in Langkat

NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting will be held in the Offices of the Company, Tandjong Poera, Lower Langkat, Sumatra, at 10 a.m. on Saturday, the 27th April, 1918.

By Order of the Directors,
GEORGE McBAIN,
General Agents.

Shanghai, 23rd February, 1918.

16944

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory

No. 4 Canton Road

The Shanghai Sumatra Tobacco Company, Limited

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS

Notice is hereby given that the Sixteenth Annual Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Office of the undersigned (No. 1 The Bund) on Thursday, the 28th March, 1918, at 4.00 p.m. for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors, together with a Statement of Accounts, for the year ended 31st October, 1917.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 21st to the 28th March, 1918, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,
GEORGE McBAIN,
General Agent.

Shanghai, 12th March, 1918.

17131

Removal Notice

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd., will remove to new Offices in The Yangtsze Insurance Building, No 26, the Bund on Monday, 18th March.

17141

FEI LUNG GARAGE

153-4 Hupeh Road

New Saxon-Six Cars for sale

and

Special new big cars for hire.

Telephone Central 4133

16976

Telephone Disinfectors

We have again in stock Telephone Mouth-Piece Disinfectors and Disinfectants for sale at $3.00.

C. A. Martinho Marques & Co.,

1A Jinkee Road.

Tel. No. Central 380.

Eden Hospital

Dept. of Venereal Diseases
and Wassermann Laboratory
P372 Nanking Road
(opp. Lloyd Road)
Hours: 10-12; 2-4 Daily
DR. JAMES YUKING, Supt.

When you think of China's Richest Province, Think or Szechuen, and you will also think of WIDLER & CO., Chungking, West China.

Born 1915—Still Existing

THE CATHAY LACE CO.

19 Nanking Road, Shanghai

The Chief Manufacturers and Exporters of Hand-made Laces, Embroideries, Etc.

Big Stock
of
FILET LACES
for
WHOLESALE

ANTIMONY REGULUS

(99% Pure)

ALWAYS IN STOCK

Apply, Hupeh Government Smelting Works, Wuchang.
Tel. address "HUPEHMINE"

16066

ZEE YUNG CHONG

General Contractor. Private Road, Pavement, and Tennis Court Builder. Experienced in all Types of ASPHALTIC Work. The most Hygienic, dust-proof and permanent treatment for roadways, paths, alleyways, etc.

CHARGES REASONABLE
Guaranteed to give satisfaction
Add. 373-8 Markham Road.
Tel. West 522.

17011

"V" MODES

Blouses of Every Description
(over one hundred to select from)
Warm Dressing and Rest Gowns.
Thick Crepe de Chine Lingerie.
Viyella and Silk Pyjamas.
Children's Coats and Frocks.

"V" MODES

20, Nanking Road, 3rd floor

SHACKLETON SURVIVOR FALLS

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, March 13.—Ernest (?) Wild of the Shackleton Expedition to the Antarctic in 1913 has been killed while serving on a mine-sweeper in the Mediterranean.

Are you suffering from rheumatism or nervousness?
If so, come to our TURKISH BATH and MASSAGE PARLOR.
I have the highest recommendations from doctors, 15 years' experience in U. S. A.

PROF. J. K. SETO,
25 North Szechuen Road.

Germans In Peking Forced To Register

Weekly registration of enemy subjects in Peking will begin from next Monday, as a result of the recent decision arrived at by the Chinese Government with the approval of the Dutch Minister, according to a Peking telegram last night. All male aliens are to call in person at the Investigation Bureau on Mondays while the female aliens must do the same on Thursday.

CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS
TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE
TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

0⁰⁰ — Midnight, 13³⁰ — 1³⁰ p.m.

July 1st, 1917, and until further notice

Mail 101 B. s.	Mail 3. B. s.	Luxe 1. B. S.	Miles	Peking-Mukden Line	Luxe 2. B. S.	Mail 4. B.	Mail 102. B. s.
2035	835	300	0	dep. Peking arr.	2200	1900	1020
2345	1112	635	. .	arr. Tientsin-Central dep.	1938	1700	720
2350	1117	640	84	dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	1930	1688	710
000	1126	650	. .	arr. Tientsin-East dep.	1920	1645	700
1910	520	2310	524	arr. Mukden dep.	200	. .	1040

Local 5.	Mail 3. B. s.			Tientsin-Pukow Line		Mail 4. B. s.	Local 6.
715	1130	—	0	dep. Tientsin-East arr.	—	1705	1612
725	1140	—	2.71	arr. Tientsin-Central dep.	—	1635	1602
745	1200	—	78	dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	—	1631	1547
1133	1500	—	148	dep. Tsangchow dep.	—	1332	1221
1457	1746	—	—	dep. Techow dep.	—	1048	928
1801	2021	—	220	arr. Tsinanfu dep.	—	806	640
7.	‡	—	—	‡	—	‡	8.
800	2031	—	266	dep. Tsinanfu arr.	—	756	1812
1039	2231	—	318	dep. Taianfu dep.	—	601	1542
1300	038	—	377	arr. Yenchowfu dep.	—	343	1311
1315	048	—	—	dep. Yenchowfu arr.	—	339	1256
1556	316	—	420	dep. Lincheng dep.	—	120	1032
1818	450	—	—	arr. Hsuchowfu dep.	—	2336	810
9.	‡	—	523	‡	—	‡	10.
630	457	—	—	dep. Hsuchowfu arr.	—	2329	2017
1156	833	—	600	arr. Pengpu dep.	—	1953	1442
1206	840	—	631	dep. Pengpu arr.	—	1946	1432
1657	1152	—	—	dep. Chuchow dep.	—	1648	923
1848	1300	—	—	arr. Pukow dep.	—	1530	723

Express 16. B. S.	Express 10. B.			Shanghai-Nanking Line		Express 1. B.	Express 15. B. S.
. .	1420	. .	0	dep. Nanking-Ferry arr.	. .	1410	. .
2300	1420	. .	. .	dep. Nanking arr.	. .	1418	650
700	2120	. .	193	arr. Shanghai-North dep.	. .	756	2300

Yenchowfu-Tsiningchow Branch Line				Lincheng-Tsochuang Branch Line			
930	1350	2130	d. Yenchowfu a.	630	1230	2000	530	1110	1800	d. Lincheng a.	810	1410	2100
1032	1455	2232	a. Tsiningchow d.	528	1128	1858	638	1219	1908	a. Tsochuang d.	702	1302	1952

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST"

Conventional Signs.

300 — train runs on Thursday only. 230 — train runs on Fridays only.

| 300 — on trains marked thus passengers must hold additional place tickets.

B — train has buffet car with regular meal service

S — train has sleep. accomm. 1st & 2nd class. s — train has only 1st class sleep. accomm.

Application for sleeping accommodation at $5.00 per berth should, at the earliest possible moment, be made to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic-Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order.
THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, July 1917.

SHANGHAI-NANKING RAILWAY

ABRIDGED TIME TABLE, IN FORCE FROM JANUARY 1st, 1918

Shanghai North To Nanking—Up (Main Line) **Nanking To Shanghai North—Down**

STATIONS.	Local	Express R	Fast R	3rd and 4th	Fast R	Local	Fast Local	Night Express R.S.	STATIONS.	Local	Fast Local	Fast R	3rd and 4th	Fast R	Express R.	Local	Night Express R.S.
SHANGHAI NORTH....dep.	..	7.55	9.10	9.40	12.45	15.25	17.15	23.00	PEKING.....dep.	..	..	..	..	..	8.33	P. M. R.	..
SOOCHOW ....dep.	..	9.41	11.22	12.20	14.55	19.15	19.20	1.08	TIENTSIN CENTRAL arr.	..	..	..	..	..	11.40		..
WUSIH .....dep.	..	10.31	12.24	13.41	15.54	19.27	20.20	2.10	TIENTSIN CENTRAL dep.	..	..	..	..	..	12.00	T. P. R. Second Day	..
CHANGCHOW dep.	6.50	11.22	13.16	15.03	16.48	..	21.25	3.10	TSINANFU....dep.	..	..	..	..	..	20.27		..
TANYANG....dep.	8.05	12.09	14.11	16.18	17.41	..	..	..	PUKOW.....arr.	..	..	..	..	..	12.56		..
CHINKIANG..dep.	9.16	12.52	14.55	17.17	18.22	..	..	6.06									
NANKING.....arr.	11.19	*14.15	16.30	19.20	19.50	..	..	6.50	NANKING ....dep.	..	..	7.20	8.00	11.45	*14.20	15.55	22.00
									CHINKIANG..dep.	..	..	9.00	10.10	13.30	16.06	18.16	1.00
PUKOW .....dep.	..	5.15.30	T. P. R. Second Day	..	..	..	..	..	TANYANG ....dep.	..	..	9.36	10.59	14.12	16.41	19.08	..
TSINANFU ...dep.	..	8.15		..	..	..	..	..	CHANGCHOW dep.	7.00	..	10.34	12.18	15.08	17.39	20.20	3.06
TIENTSIN CENTRAL arr.	..	16.29		..	..	..	..	..	WUSIH .....dep.	8.15	7.10	11.28	13.36	16.00	18.29	..	4.11
TIENTSIN CENTRAL dep.	..	16.55	P. M. R.	..	..	..	..	..	SOOCHOW ....dep.	9.35	8.08	12.23	14.54	17.01	19.21	..	5.35
PEKING.....arr.	..	19.50		..	..	..	..	..	SHANGHAI NORTH ....arr.	12.15	10.15	14.20	17.50	19.00	21.00	..	7.00

R. Restaurant Cars. *Connects Pukow with through Siberian Service. S. Sleeping Cars.

Woosung Forts to Shanghai North—Up (BRANCH LINE) Shanghai North to Woosung Forts—Down

WOOSUNG FORTS ..dep.	6.50	8.10	10.50	13.15	14.40	16.20	18.10	20.45	SHANGHAI NORTH dep.	6.10	7.30	10.05	12.25	14.00	15.30	17.30	20.00
KIANGWAN dep.	7.17	8.37	11.17	13.42	15.07	16.47	18.37	21.12	KIANGWAN dep	6.21	7.41	10.16	12.36	14.11	15.41	17.41	20.11
SHANGHAI NORTH .. arr.	7.25	8.45	11.25	13.50	15.15	16.55	18.45	21.20	WOOSUNG FORTS..arr.	6.45	8.05	10.40	13.00	14.35	16.05	18.05	20.35

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAHKOU—"DOWN" MAIN LINE. ZAHKOU TO SHANGHAI NORTH—"UP"

STATIONS	Local	Fast R	Slow	Coolie & Goods	Local	Express R	Local	Local	STATIONS	Local	Local	Fast R	Slow	Local	Coolie and Goods	Express R	Local
Shanghai North ..... dep.	....	7.35	9.00	10.00	....	14.50	15.50	....	Zahkou ..... dep.	....	....	6.30	7.55	....	9.20	14.10	15.30
Jessfield ..... dep.	....	7.51	9.16	10.23	....	15.06	16.06	....	Hangchow ..... dep.	....	....	7.00	8.30	....	10.00	14.35	16.05
Siccawei ..... dep.	....	7.58	9.23	10.38	....	15.13	16.13	....	Changan ..... dep.	....	....	8.04	9.48	....	11.40	15.20	17.35
Lunghwa Junction ..... dep.	....	8.15	9.40	10.53	....	15.30	16.29	....	Yehzah ..... dep.	....	....	8.41	10.31	....	12.39	15.51	18.40
									Kashing ..... dep.	....	7.15	9.28	11.22	....	14.10	16.30	19.30
Shanghai South ..... dep.	....	*7.45*	*9.10*	*10.20*	*13.35*	*15.00*	*16.00*	*17.55*	Kashai ..... dep.	....	7.48	9.53	11.55	....	14.48	16.52	....
Lunghwa Junction ..... dep.	....	*8.15*	*9.40*	*10.53*	*13.52*	*15.30*	*16.29*	*18.12*	Sunghiang ..... dep.	....	9.05	10.47	12.59	....	16.08	17.40	....
Sunghiang ..... dep.	....	8.59	10.48	12.02	....	16.07	17.42	....	*Lunghwa Junction ..... dep.*	*8.18*	*10.33*	*11.38*	*14.08*	*15.33*	*17.23*	*18.23*	....
Kashai ..... dep.	....	9.51	11.52	13.28	....	16.53	18.49	....	*Shanghai South ..... arr.*	*8.35*	*10.50*	*11.55*	*14.25*	*15.50*	*17.40*	*18.40*	....
Kashing ..... dep.	7.40	10.25	12.30	14.35	....	17.22	19.20	....									
Yehzah ..... dep.	8.45	11.05	13.15	15.50	....	17.58	....	....	Lunghwa Junction ..... dep.	....	10.30	11.35	14.05	....	17.18	18.20	....
Changan ..... dep.	9.45	11.41	14.00	16.50	....	18.24	....	....	Siccawei ..... dep.	....	10.39	11.44	14.14	....	17.28	18.29	....
Hangchow ..... dep.	11.10	12.50	15.25	18.30	....	19.19	....	....	Jessfield ..... dep	....	10.46	11.51	14.21	....	17.37	18.36	....
Zahkou ..... arr.	11.35	13.10	15.50	19.00	....	19.35	....	....	Shanghai North ..... arr	....	11.00	12.05	14.35	....	17.55	18.50	....

KONZENCHIAO TO ZAHKOU KIANGSHOO BRANCH LINE. ZAHKOU TO KONZENCHIAO

Konzenchiao....	dep.	6.50	8.25	11.25	14.00	15.55	18.35	Zahkou.....	dep.	....	10.10	12.25	...	17.20	....
Kenshangmun ..	dep.	7.10	8.50	11.40	14.15	16.15	18.50	Hangchow.....	dep.	7.30	10.40	12.45	14.55	17.50	19.15
Hangchow.....	dep.	7.20	9.15	11.52	14.24	16.30	19.00	Kenshangmun ..	dep.	7.42	10.57	12.57	15.12	18.07	19.27
Zahkou.....	arr.	....	9.40	12.10	....	16.55	....	Konzenchiao....	arr.	7.55	11.10	13.10	15.25	18.20	19.40

R. Restaurant Cars

Business and Official Notices

Sealed proposals in duplicate will be received at the American Consulate General at Shanghai, (No. 13 Whangpoo Road) until 11 a.m. Saturday, March 23rd, 1918, for the repair of and alterations to the buildings and accessories belonging to the United States Government and situated at Nos. 11 to 19, both inclusive, Whangpoo Road, on U.S. Lot No. 2222, Cadastral Lot No. 1003, covered by drawings and specifications prepared by direction of the Department of State. The said drawings and specifications cover the following items:

A General Contract (one proposal) comprising: excavation, filling, etc.; concrete work; brick work; stone work; carpentry and joinery; roofing, skylights and sheet metal work; miscellaneous metal work; lathing and plastering; tile and terrazo work; painting and varnishing; glazing.
New Finished Hardware (one proposal).
The Plumbing and Installation of Plumbing Fixtures (one proposal).
The Plumbing Fixtures (one proposal).
The Electric Wiring (one proposal).
The Electric Fixtures (one proposal).
The Heating System (one proposal).

Drawings and specifications will be kept on file beginning Saturday, March 16th, 1918, for the examination of contractors, between the hours of 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., at the American Consulate General, 13 Whangpoo Road, and at the office of the Architect, G. F. Ashley, Esquire, 39a Kiangse Road, where proposal forms may be obtained free of charge. A limited number of sets of drawings and specifications will be available for loan to contractors and may be obtained at the office of the Architect on the above date, upon deposit of Mexican $20.00, which deposit will be returned when the said drawings and specifications are returned in good condition.

All proposals must be accompanied by a certificate of the International Banking Corporation to the effect that a specified sum, which shall be the equivalent of ten per cent of the total of the bid therein stated, has been deposited with them to the credit of the American Consul General, as a guaranty, the said deposits to be returned on award of the contracts, but in no event to be retained for a period longer than ten days from the date of opening of the bids, except that the deposits of three bidders for each item may be retained for a period not to exceed twenty one days from the date of opening of the bids.

The Department of State reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

STUART J. FULLER,
American Consul-General
at Large.
THOMAS SAMMONS,
American Consul-General
at Shanghai.

Shanghai, China, March 13th, 1918.
17142

NOTICE

Acting on behalf of the China Mail S.S. Co. we, the undersigned, have issued Receipt No. 476 in favour of Sheung Kee (常記) for 5 shares and Receipt No. 477 to Shan Kee (山記) for 3 shares.

As these receipts have been reported stolen, we will issue new receipts in place of the stolen ones unless such Receipts Nos. 476 and 477 produced to us on or before 28th March, 1918.

THE BANK OF CANTON, LIMITED.
17167

The New Amherst Rubber Estates, Ltd.

(Incorporated in Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the First Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at 13 Nanking Road, Shanghai, on Thursday, the 28th March, 1918, at 4.00 p.m.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 22nd March to 28th March, 1918, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,
R. N. TRUMAN & CO.,
General Managers.

Shanghai, 16th March, 1918.
17171

Dr. JOHN
The world famous
TELEPATHIST
only a short time
in Shanghai
Gives
LIFE READINGS
PRESENT, PAST AND FUTURE
18 Nanking Road
Tel. C. 2279

INTERNATIONAL SAVINGS SOCIETY

Head Office, 5 Avenue Edouard VII, Shanghai.

66th Monthly DRAWING of $2,000 PREMIUM BONDS.

(15th MARCH, 1918)

Notice is hereby given that, in conformity with the conditions endorsed upon the Bonds, the undermentioned reimbursements, of the total value of $14,154 representing 25% of $56,616 being premium on 4,718 Bonds for the month of MARCH, 1918, were drawn on the 15th March, 1918, at the Head Office of the Company, 5 Avenue Edouard VII, Shanghai, in the presence of J. BEUDIN Esq., Director, Messrs. A. W. OLSEN and YIH VOONG ZU, Bondholders, and Messrs. SETH, MANCELL & CO., Auditors.

The reimbursements drawn will be paid on and after the 16th March, 1918, at any of the following places:—

SHANGHAI—5 Avenue Edouard VII.
TIENTSIN—F. H. PICKWICK, Esq., 45 Rue de France.
HANKOW—Messrs. ANDERSEN MEYER & CO., 11 Rue d'Hanoi.
CANTON—Messrs. GERIN DREVARD & CIE., Shameen.

2 Bonds at $2,000 Each
Nos. 3729 and 4501
2 Bonds at $1,000 Each
Nos. 926 and 4084
2 Bonds at $300 Each
Nos. 4040 and 3146
2 Bonds at $200 Each
Nos. 4172 and 3626
2 Bonds at $160 Each
Nos. 336 and 1041

1 Bond at $718 numbered....2109
1 Bond at $200 numbered....1917
1 Bond at $160 numbered....1266
1 Bond at $160 numbered....4006
1 Bond at $124 numbered....3248

$12.00 Reimbursements.

6	789	1575	2371	3230	4109
9	796	1588	2398	3289	4113
22	797	1589	2414	3315	4115
27	831	1610	2425	3317	4119
48	841	1625	2444	3346	4131
49	847	1628	2448	3349	4138
59	852	1632	2450	3351	4158
65	853	1662	2451	3353	4160
66	866	1663	2461	3362	4163
82	868	1674	2475	3371	4165
108	874	1675	2485	3375	4177
123	875	1706	2496	3400	4182
128	886	1715	2507	3432	4194
134	901	1725	2510	3434	4195
140	918	1730	2520	3438	4202
154	945	1731	2524	3466	4212
160	948	1742	2534	3474	4222
163	968	1779	2539	3475	4228
184	1004	1784	2549	3486	4233
190	1013	1803	2559	3489	4237
192	1024	1825	2572	3519	4246
240	1025	1836	2573	3532	4247
263	1035	1852	2577	3540	4260
265	1038	1863	2590	3551	4295
277	1047	1908	2596	3561	4303
301	1052	1910	2605	3565	4319
304	1062	1918	2607	3566	4334
314	1081	1919	2613	3567	4337
317	1087	1921	2638	3575	4340
335	1094	1927	2643	3580	4349
347	1100	1932	2659	3582	4357
351	1118	1936	2663	3591	4369
354	1135	1945	2667	3592	4373
357	1151	1964	2684	3609	4378
378	1162	1979	2687	3663	4399
384	1164	1980	2698	3697	4420
395	1172	1985	2723	3705	4428
413	1184	1986	2731	3707	4439
417	1189	2032	2740	3710	4445
433	1190	2035	2741	3715	4450
451	1203	2036	2744	3726	4452
479	1205	2042	2746	3727	4462
492	1213	2067	2755	3733	4466
510	1227	2072	2793	3738	4478
525	1232	2081	2794	3739	4480
526	1234	2089	2796	3740	4487
530	1235	2092	2798	3771	4490
536	1238	2093	2815	3772	4495
543	1239	2105	2824	3795	4498
547	1243	2108	2825	3813	4500
554	1254	2123	2844	3820	4505
561	1265	2128	2858	3835	4506
569	1267	2139	2878	3839	4530
578	1302	2151	2882	3845	4535
584	1303	2156	2883	3891	4547
585	1308	2158	2884	3897	4551
586	1309	2159	2936	3898	4553
588	1314	2163	2947	3902	4559
596	1325	2201	2954	3910	4560
602	1346	2220	2984	3919	4572
626	1380	2229	2986	3921	4573
636	1387	2231	3058	3923	4574
641	1398	2239	3074	3957	4583
643	1411	2243	3090	3958	4589
654	1412	2245	3096	3968	4606
673	1429	2265	3101	4016	4610
699	1466	2268	3111	4032	4615
703	1482	2299	3135	4056	4627
717	1510	2304	3160	4059	4638
727	1537	2307	3169	4066	4649
736	1540	2311	3228	4067	4655
741	1542	2312	3236	4069	4671
753	1549	2322	3266	4072	4674
755	1550	2332	3273	4078	4675
767	1560	2345	3275	4083	4694
768	1574	2365	3277	4094	4701
					4708

Shanghai Paper Hunt Club Races

Weather permitting, the Races will be held TODAY, 16th March, 1918. The First Saddling Bell will be rung at 1.30 p.m. sharp.

The Public can obtain tickets at the Gate, price $1.00 each. Tickets for children, 50 cents each. Tickets have been issued to Members of the Race Club and Paper Hunt Club.

There will be Pari-Mutuels for Win and Place and Members' Sweeps.

By Order of the Stewards,
R. H. NEWMAN,
Secretary.
Shanghai Paper Hunt Club.
17116

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 11

BILL SMITH—

says:

It takes a great deal of boldness, with a vast mixed deal of caution, to acquire a great fortune; and then it takes ten times as much wit to keep it after you have got it, as it took to make it.

UPPER CRUST RYE FOR HIGHBALLS
ASK BILL!

Garner, Quelch & Co.
Sole Agents

Shanghai Rowing Club

The Annual General Meeting will be held at the Club House on Wednesday 27th inst. at 5.30 p.m.
By Order of the Committee,
C. V. JENSEN,
Hon. Sec. and Treasurer.
17173

MUNICIPAL NOTIFICATION

No. 2501.

THE following Resolutions will be brought forward by the Council at the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers to be held at the Town Hall on March 27, 1918, at 2 o'clock p.m., and are published for general information:—

Resolutions I, II and III.—Formal business and adoption of Rules of Procedure.

Resolution IV.—That the Report and Accounts for the year ending December 31, 1917, be passed.

Resolution V.—That the Report of the Loan Redemption Committee dated July 7, 1917, and published in the Municipal Gazette of March 16, 1918, be received and adopted.

Resolution VI.—That the estimated expenditure for 1918, contained in the Budget proposed by the retiring Council, together with the recommendations attached thereto, be approved and adopted, and that the Council be hereby authorised to impose, collect and recover the rates, taxes, dues and fees recommended therein, and to raise, should it be considered expedient to do so, a sum not exceeding Tls. 1,800,000, by the issue of debentures redeemable on December 31, 1928, and bearing interest at a rate not exceeding seven per centum per annum, for the purposes defined in the estimate of Extraordinary Expenditure.

Resolution VII.—That the Council be and it is hereby authorised and directed to appoint a Committee, consisting of three Members of Council and two Ratepayers with power to fill vacancies, to consider and report whether it is desirable, in the interests of this Community, that the business and undertaking and the lands, buildings, plant, machinery and effects of the Shanghai Waterworks Company, Limited should be acquired, in pursuance of the provisions contained in Clause 9 of the Agreement between the Company and the Council dated the first day of July, 1905. The report of such Committee to be submitted to the Council, who shall lay the same before the Ratepayers in meeting assembled.

Resolution VIII.—Election of Land Commissioner for the ensuing year.

Resolution IX.—Election of four Governors of the General Hospital for the ensuing year.

Resolution X.—Election of two members of the Permanent Education Committee.

Ratepayers intending to ask questions in regard to the Accounts or other matters connected with the foregoing Resolutions, are requested to give notice of such intention before the Meeting, so that a full answer or other explanation may be given.

Ratepayers desirous of bringing forward additional motions, or of nominating duly qualified persons willing to serve under Resolutions VIII, IX and X are required to give notice thereof to the undersigned before 4 p.m. on March 20 for due publication.

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Acting Secretary.
Council Room,
Shanghai, March 16, 1918.
17178

ZUNG LEE & SONS, (W. Z. Zee & Sons, Est. 1895), BROADWAY, SHANGHAI

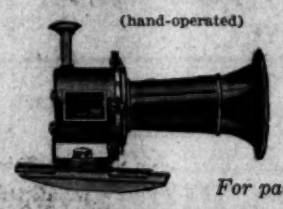
METALS AND HARDWARE

Contractors to Governments, Municipalities, Railways, Tramways, etc.

We carry a full line of
CLUFF'S
"Blue Ribbon" Fruits
GRIFFITHS' STORES
Phone West 641 — 143 Bubbling Well Rd — Phone West 800

PAID
PERFORATORS
"Cancelled"
"Void"
"Paid"
Tel. 4778 THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO. Tel. 4778
4 Canton Road, Shanghai

Stewart WARNING SIGNAL



(hand-operated) is the superior of any hand-operated horn made, no matter what the price may be. It always makes them PAY ATTENTION!

For particulars, apply to
The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

THE SAVOY HOTEL

No. 21 Broadway, corner Nanzing Road, Shanghai, China.
Special Musical Dinner and Dance Every Evening
Music During Dinner, Dancing After Dinner.
Music by the Savoy Orchestra.
Professor MANIKUS at the Piano.
New features this week.
Dinners served a la carte or Table d'Hote.
Dainty Dishes a Specialty.
Fresh Japanese Lobsters and Oysters always on hand.
Tables or Private Dining Rooms reserved by request.
Telephone No. 2510.

New Store!!!
JEWELLERY,
GOLD AND SILVER WARE,
CURIOS, Etc.
No. 2B Broadway
(Astor House Building)
The China Jewellery Co.
17157

GREAT CHEAP SALE
Two Weeks Only, From 11th March
OWING TO THE REMOVAL OF PREMISES
All kinds of Embroidery, Ornamental Cloths, Furs, Scarves, Muffs, Porcelain, Brass and Bamboo Wares and Curios.
KING SON & CO.
In Astor House Hotel
WHANGPOO ROAD
17118 M.17

TONNAGE FOR MARSEILLES
per s/s
"KIRISHIMASAN MARU"
sailing hence about the beginning of April
For particulars, please apply to
The Nippon Yusen Kaisha
Export Department
Tel. North 167.
17162

JUST ARRIVED
Findon Haddocks $1.00 per lb.
Schaefer Beer
LIGHT AND DARK
The choicest product of the oldest lager beer brewery in the United States.
Try it once and you will buy it always!
Motor delivery service
C. EDDIE & CO.
1132-33 Broadway, Tel. N. 639.

HONMA HOSPITAL,
No. 8A Miller Road. Tel. North 2961.
DR. T. YAMADA,
(former Assistant at the Imperial Universities at Tokio and Fukuoka.)
Internal Medicine,
Children's Diseases.
DR. K. HONMA,
(former Assistant at the Imperial University at Fukuoka.)
Women's Diseases,
Confinements, Surgery,
Skin Diseases,
Venereal Diseases.

Classified Advertisements

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

APARTMENTS

WINDSOR HOUSE
14-15 Quinsan Gardens
Comfortable rooms Front and back, (with bathrooms and verandah), to let. Nice flat to let, suitable for family or two bachelors. Good table.
Telephoe North 482

Nos. 8 & 11 Quinsan Gardens
Tel. 1946.
TO LET in No. 11 facing Park a large bedroom and sitting room combined with closed verandah and bathroom attached. Suitable for small family or bachelors, also a cosy attic. Every comfort guaranteed.

WESTERN DISTRICT, 3 minutes from tram, nice, comfortable, single room with board. Suitable for lady or gentleman. Telephone and stabling. Apply to Box 441, THE CHINA PRESS.
17170 M.17.

TO LET, furnished flat, facing Bund. Apply to Box 433, THE CHINA PRESS.
17164 M.16.

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, in Western district, close to Race Course, in refined house, with garden, tennis, phone, etc., large sitting room with verandah and small bedroom attached, also small bedroom, separately. Excellent table, good service, fine location. Phone West 1227.
17146 M.19.

DANCING

A GENTLEMAN wishes to give private lessons in dancing; all the latest ballroom dances. Please apply to Box 383, THE CHINA PRESS.
17161 M.16.

HOUSES WANTED

WANTED in Mokanshan, furnished house of 4 or 5 rooms, for summer months. X. Dard, 21 Avenue Dubail.
17150 M.21.

WANTED: Centrally located, a small house or flat, at least 3 living rooms. Apply to Box 412, THE CHINA PRESS.
17107 M.16.

EDUCATIONAL

WANTED by a young gentleman, piano and singing lessons, evenings preferred. Send terms to Box 440, THE CHINA PRESS.
17169 M.17.

FRENCH LADY desires to teach French or Russian. Would accept opportunity as travelling companion. Please apply to Box 416, THE CHINA PRESS.
17127 M.17.

SITUATION VACANT

WANTED, a lady typist for outport. Will pay hotel expenses. Apply to Box 439, THE CHINA PRESS.
17168 M.19.

TRANSLATIONS

TRANSLATOR, who has considerable experience in legal, consulate, syndicate, journalistic, commercial and official translator work, undertakes translation in English and Chinese of agreements, petitions, letters, legal documents advertisements, and commercial documents, etc. Please apply to Chang Nieh-yun, c/o 1 Museum Road, or P.D., 159 Haining Road, opposite West End Lane.

SITUATIONS WANTED

POSITION WANTED by a young Portuguese, age 33, married, with sound knowledge of bookkeeping, typewriting, general office routine, fire and marine insurance. A.1. references. Salary required, Tls. 100 per month. Apply to Box 438, THE CHINA PRESS.
17166 M.17.

WANTED by an experienced young lady, position as steno-typist. Salary no object. Apply to Box 432, THE CHINA PRESS.
17163 M.17.

WANTED: Chinese as bookkeeper, with knowledge of typewriting. Good references. Apply to Box 428, THE CHINA PRESS.
17153 M.17.

WANTED by a Russian lady, position as housekeeper. Apply to Box 429, THE CHINA PRESS.
17159 M.17.

LADY tailor, with many years practical experience, desires position. Specialist in all branches of tailoring. Apply to Box 423, THE CHINA PRESS.
17140 M.16.

MISCELLANEOUS

BECHSTEIN grand piano, beautiful instrument, practically new, for hire to highest bidder who will guarantee to treat instrument with care. Apply to Box 436, THE CHINA PRESS.
17164 M.16.

LOCAL business man, about to proceed to London, is open to accept business commissions from American or British firms and individuals. Apply to Box 343, THE CHINA PRESS.

Exchange and Mart

STAMP COLLECTION for sale. About 50,000 specimens (used) in first-class condition. Any reasonable offer accepted. Apply to Box 437, THE CHINA PRESS.
17165 M.19.

WARDROBE trunk wanted, new or second-hand, in good condition. Price must be moderate. Apply to Box 434, THE CHINA PRESS.
17164 M.16.

BICYCLES for sale: One gent's and one lady's, second-hand, in good condition, $40 each. Apply to Box 435, THE CHINA PRESS.
17164 M.18.

WANTED a good second-hand Gramophone with records. Must be in excellent condition and cheap. State particulars of machine and records, with price, to Box 427, THE CHINA PRESS.
17152 M.16.

VEGETABLE SEEDS: Our "Back Yard Collection" contains 12 separate packets of best American Origin. One each of Dwarf Bean (Canadian Wonder and Evergreen), Sugar Corn, Celery, Cucumber, Pea, Cabbage, Squash, Pepper, Muskmelon, Spinach and Egg-plant. Postpaid $1.50. 3-cent stamps accepted. Hilly Nook Farm, Tinghai, Chekiang.
17156 M.19.

WANTED: Fox terrier pup, must be good breed and male. Good price for right animal. Please state price, color, etc. Apply to Box 430, THE CHINA PRESS.
17160 M.17.

WANTED: Kitten, good breed, must be black, male. Good home offered, and willing to pay if necessary. Apply to Box 431, THE CHINA PRESS.
17160 M.17.

WANTED: Incubator, capacity about 50 eggs. Reply, giving particulars and price, to Box 425, THE CHINA PRESS.
17145 M.16.

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 8